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التقرير اليومي

الخاص بأوضاع اللاجئين الفلسطينيين في سورية

Daily report on the situation of Palestinian refugees in Syria



"Palestinian Refugee Missing for 20th Day in Lebanon"

- Missing Palestinian Refugee Child Found in Syria
- Palestinian Students Denounce Steep Transportation Fees at Syria Displacement Camp
- UNRWA Starts School Registration
- Council of Ministers Pledges to Follow Up on Situation of Palestinians from Syria in Gaza



Latest Developments

Palestinian refugee Wisam Samir Mahmoud, who fled war-torn Syria to Lebanon's AlBas camp, disappeared some 20 days ago on his way to AlBadawi refugee camp, north of Lebanon.

Wisam was born in 1992 and raised in Syria's AlSayeda Zeinab Camp, in Rif Dimashq.

Along similar lines, Palestinian child Yousef Hafedh Mutleq, born in 2007 and raised in Deraa refugee camp, south of Syria, was found a couple of days after he had gone missing in Gilin town, in Deraa's western outskirts.

333 Palestinian refugees from Syria, including 37 women and girls, have gone missing since the outbreak of the Syrian warfare, AGPS has found out.

Most of those who have disappeared in the country are residents of Yarmouk Camp for Palestinian refugees, south of Damascus.

In another development, students and parents at AlNeirab Camp for Palestinian refugees, in Aleppo, appealed to the concerned authorities to take urgent action in response to uncontrolled transportation charges and manipulation of fuel supplies.

The residents called on the concerned authorities to secure transportation means to give daily lifts to and back from their workplaces and academic institutions.



Meanwhile, UNRWA's Education Programme announced the launch of classroom registration for elementary school children (1st grade) for those born in 2014 – 2015 and January 2016. Registration will be accepted from June 1st to 30th. Registration for 10th grade students will see the day following the announcement of preparatory school results for 3rd grade enrollees and will last for 10 days.

Palestinian refugee families taking shelter in AlNeirab Camp continue to sound distress signals over the high rates of unemployment, water and power outages, along with the absence of health care and vital items, particularly fuel and gas.

In the meantime, the Follow-Up Committee of Palestinians from Syria in Gaza met with representatives of the General Secretariat of the Council of Ministers in Gaza to discuss the situation of Palestinian refugees who returned from Syria to the besieged enclave.

The Council of ministers promised to follow up on the situation of Gaza returnees from Syria.

Palestinians living in the Gaza Strip have been enduring dire living conditions due to the 14-year-long Israeli siege and the devastating upshots of the Israeli onslaughts on the coastal enclave.

Civilians continue to launch cries for help over the high rates of unemployment, lack of financial resources, and movement crackdowns, which they said have made life quite unbearable in Gaza.



The offensives launched by the Israeli military on Gaza have turned the enclave into a hell on earth as most families have lost their sources of incomes, homes, and property.

AGPS continues to express concern over the alarming situation in the besieged Gaza Strip in light of the propagation of the novel coronavirus COVID-19 and latest Israeli escalation.

According to data by the Norwegian Refugee Council (NRC), Gaza is one of the world's most densely populated areas, with more than 5,000 inhabitants per square kilometer. The Gaza Strip is smaller than the city of Oslo but is home to three times as many people.

A 2012 UN report predicted the Palestinian enclave would be "unlivable" by 2020 if nothing was done to ease the blockade, but in June 2017 a UN report on living conditions in Gaza stated that all the indicators were going in the wrong direction and that deadline was actually approaching even faster than earlier predicted.

Gaza is described by many Palestinians and humanitarian actors as the world's largest open-air prison, where nearly 2 million Palestinians live behind a blockade and are refused access to the other occupied Palestinian areas and the rest of the world.

NRC said 7 out of 10 Palestinians in Gaza are registered as refugees, and many of these come from families who were forced to leave their villages in 1948. Many have also been forced to leave their homes due to war, violence, and economic hardship.