



التقرير اليومي الخاص بأوضاع اللاجئين الفلسطينيين في سورية

Daily report on the situation of Palestinian refugees in Syria

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“Assassination of the Palestinian Biologist Dr. Idwan Shihab in Damascus Suburb, and Artillery Shelling Targets Daraa Camp”



- **Violent Clashes and Appeals to Rescue the Residents of Yarmouk from the Death of Starvation.**
- **A Palestinian Refugee was Injured and Violent Clashes in the Vicinity of Al Nairab Camp in Aleppo.**
- **The Palestinian and Syrian Detainees in Karmouz Prison in Egypt Continue their Open Hunger Strike.**
- **The Suffering of the Palestinian Syrian Refugee Detainees in Thailand is Still Continuous.**
- **UNRWA Fills the ATM of the Displaced Palestinian Syrian Refugees in Lebanon.**

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Victims

The AGPS received news about the assassination of the Palestinian biologist Dr. Idwan Shihabi by unknown group that raided his house at Saasaa area near Khan Al Shieh Camp in Damascus suburb after he clashed with them, while the AGPS assured the news from another source.

It is mentioned that Mr. Shihabi is a scientist in the field of biology and agriculture, and worked in the General Authority for Scientific Agricultural Research in Damascus, as he is from Sbeineh camp for Palestinian refugees in Damascus suburb, from Al Qudereia tribe in Palestine.



Dr. Idwan Shihabi

Recent Updates

Artillery shelling targeted different places of Daraa Camp with no injuries. The residents of the camp are complaining of the increasing suffering after their camp was involved in the ongoing war and its impacts, as 201 residents were killed, according to the official statistics of the AGPS, as 70% of the camp's buildings were demolished due to the Syrian warplanes shelling. The rest of the residents complain of the water cut for 308 days respectively, forcing them to drink from the artesian wells despite it is polluted, the thing that led to the spread of many gastrointestinal and skin diseases.



The residents of the camp also suffer from a severe shortage of medicines and emergency crews, since there is no medical center or even an ambulance to transport the injured or sick cases.

This coincides with the carelessness of UNRWA about it and not providing food and medical aid, as well as the carelessness of the Syrian opposition groups, for being in control of the region, and discrimination practiced by these groups between the camp and other areas in terms of services, providing drinking water, food and medicine, which caused the deteriorated situation in the camp, sniping, shelling and negligence. A large part of the people had to leave their homes searching for more secure and stable areas either inside Syria or migration to the outside.

In the meantime, violent clashes broke out in the Yarmouk refugee camp south of the Syrian capital Damascus at the points of contact between the Syrian army and Palestinian groups loyal to it, where light and medium weapons were used. Meanwhile, a number of activists in and outside the Yarmouk camp demanded the need to provide food for the trapped people inside the camp, because the situation is catastrophic as described, and that they receive daily appeals from the people of the camp, most recently the appeal of 8 family members inside the camp who suffer from starvation and lack of resourcefulness; they have no relatives or anyone to help them to get something to eat. Meanwhile, the Charity Kitchens cook (soap) to feed the people, since the siege imposed by the Syrian army and groups of the General Command is till continuous for (591) days and more than (80) days of preventing the entry of food and medical aid.



Providing (soap) for the trapped people in Yarmouk camp



Furthermore, the Syrian Army also closed Beit Sahem crossing border, which was alleviating the residents' suffering since the merchants entered quantities of food supplies through it and sell them with high prices to the besieged people, as the kilo of rice has reached 2200 SL, the kilo of sugar 3500 SL, the kilo of Lentils has exceeded 2200 SL, while one Liter of oil 1800 SL, and half ounces of tea 1500 SL.

In Aleppo, the Palestinian refugee "Mohamed Walid Mashour" was injured after being hit by a shell landed in Al Sarayan area of the Syrian city of Aleppo; he is a member of the so-called "Al Quds Brigades" fighting alongside the Syrian army in the war against the Syrian opposition groups .

Our correspondent reported that violent clashes also broke out at Aziza front near Al Nairab camp in Aleppo between the Syrian opposition groups and the Syrian army backed by "al-Quds Brigade."

On the other hand, Khan Dannon camp hosts thousands of people from the camps that have deteriorated security conditions, especially Yarmouk, Husseinia, Sayeda Zeinab, and Sbeineh, for the fact that it is not involved in the ongoing events in Syria, however, at a time, there have been some clashes inside the camp between groups of FSA and the Regular army, which led to the injury of a number of its residents, while seven residents died and about a half of them died due to torture in the prisons of the Syrian regime.

In terms of living aspect, the camp is suffering from a worsening economic situation, acute shortage of food and medical supplies, shortages in flour and bread, as a result of the difficulty of access and the increasing number of refugees, combined with high unemployment rate.





Egypt

The Palestinian and Syrian refugee detainees at Karmouz prison in Egypt continue their open hunger strike which started on Monday, 9th of this month, so to achieve their demands of "urgent coordination among the concerned parties in order to receive them in the European Union countries, especially where their families are."

The statement came as a response to the carelessness that the refugees face from the international and humanitarian organizations after 100 days of detention.

In a Phone call with the AGPS, a detainee insured that they will not stop their hunger strike until they achieve their demands and they prefer death because they are humiliated in this life. He also expressed that the Human Rights organizations, the PLO and the Palestinian factions to solve their case and to release them immediately to alleviate their suffering.

Thailand

The suffering of the Palestinian refugees in Thailand continues, where a number of detainees renewed their appeal to the international and human rights organizations, the PLO, and AMNESTY international to immediately interfere for their release. It is mentioned that the detained group contains Palestinians of Syria, Iraq and Gaza, where they launched their appeals earlier. A detainee said that he and 5 people from the Palestinians of Syria who fled the ongoing war in Syria in addition to an old man and his son from Gaza and a Palestinian young man from Iraq were arrested since about a year in charge of the expiry of their visas.

The Detainee added, " After our visas were expired we tried to travel to the Cambodian borders to renew our visas but we were not able to do that and they arrested us while we were in Bangkok in charges of having expired visas." The AGPS appealed all human rights sides, Human Rights Organizations, the Official Palestinian and Arab Organizations and the Thai authorities to work to release the Palestinian refugees who



are detained in Thailand and to treat them according to the international convictions that insure the rights and dignity of the War Refugees.

Lebanon

The UNRWA filled the ATM Cards of the Palestinians of Syria in Lebanon who registered in UNRWA till 10th February 2015. It is mentioned that UNRWA stopped the Financial Aids on about hundreds of Palestinian families starting from October 2014.

Numbers and Statistics till 17/2/2015

- *At least 27933 Palestinian Syrian refugees have reached Europe during the last 4 years.*
- *2650 Palestinian refugee victims were documented by the AGPS.*
- ***The Yarmouk Camp:** - Siege, imposed by the Regular Army and PFGC, continued for 591 days respectively. In addition, power cuts continued for more than 671 days, water was cut for 161 days respectively. The number of victims due to the siege has reached to 166 victims.*
- *80,000 Palestinian Syrian refugees escaped from Syria to the neighboring towns, including 10,687 refugees in Jordan, 51,300 in Lebanon and 6,000 refugees in Egypt, according to UNRWA statistics till February 2015.*
- ***Al Husayneyya Camp:** - Regular Army is still preventing the residents of the camp to return back to their houses for 493 days respectively.*
- ***Al Sbeina Camp:** - Regular Army is still preventing the residents of the camp to return back to their houses for 462 days respectively.*
- ***Handarat Camp:** - Residents have left the camp for 664 days after the Syrian Opposition Groups controlled it.*
- ***Dara'a Camp:** - It is now almost 308 days without water and 70% of its buildings were demolished.*
- ***Jermana, AL SaiedaZainab, Al Raml, Al Aedein Camps in Homs and Hamma:** - A relatively quiet situation in light of the economic crises.*
- ***Khan Al Sheih Camp:** - Roads linking the camp to the city center are still closed except for Zakia- Khan Al Sheih road.*