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التقرير اليومي

الخاص بأوضاع اللاجئين الفلسطينيين في سورية

Daily report on the situation of Palestinian refugees in Syria



"Paralyzed Palestinian Refugee Youth Appeals for Life-Saving Treatment"

- Palestinian Refugee Arrested by Opposition Forces North of Syria
- Residents of AlHusainiya Camp Denounce Shortage in Teaching Staff
- Palestinian Refugees Families in Gilin Town Grappling with Tough Conditions



Latest Developments

Palestinian refugee Nawres Haythem AlMesri was injured by bullet fire in the then-besieged Yarmouk Camp has renewed appeals for urgent humanitarian action to save his life.

Nawras, born in 1986, has gone hemiplegic after a sniper bullet penetrated his back and chest.

Nawras suffers from ulcers resulting in large holes in his lower back due to lack of movement and absence of medical follow-up. He has also been exposed to blood poisoning as a result of these life-threatening ulcers.

Nawras is currently left on his own in al-Bab region, in northern Syria. He has appealed to the concerned humanitarian and human rights institutions to help him enter Turkey for urgent medical treatment.

In another development, the Syrian opposition forces in northern Syria arrested a Palestinian refugee as he tried to illegally enter the Turkish territories along with a number of residents of Jarmana Camp.

AGPS has kept his name secret over security concerns. He was arrested on November 25, 2021.

AGPS has learned that over 40 Palestinian refugees are held captive by the Turkish-backed Syrian Free Army which holds



control over large portions of Aleppo outskirts and other areas north of Syria. Charges include affiliations with pro-regime militias.

Meanwhile, residents of AlHusainiya Camp, in Rif Dimashq, have denounced the poor-quality education services provided to their children in the area.

Schools suffer a shortage in teaching staff due to low salaries, protracted displacement, and unabated shootouts. Several teachers fled to other countries over retaliation concerns.

Hundreds of teaching staff and university graduates have sought other jobs to earn a living and meet their families' basic needs. Scores of other teachers have been laid off by government or UNrun academic institutions.

At the same time, dozens of instructors have been forced to join pro-government battalions and serve in the Palestine Liberation Army (PLA), affiliated with the Syrian regime, for a period of four years and a half.

Palestinian refugee families have frequently denounced the inadequate educational services and poor-quality input delivered children in displacement camps set up across the war-ravaged Syrian territories.

Local schools face overcrowding, with over 50 students often crammed in a single classroom. Schoolchildren have also been



subjected to bullying and psycho-physical violence by a number of teaching staff.

Upon more than one occasion, UNRWA has raised alarm bells over the striking upsurge in the rate of school dropouts among the Palestinians of Syria, several among whom left schools to help feeding their impoverished families in unemployment-stricken refugee camps.

Several UNRWA facilities were destroyed in the Syrian warfare and others have gone out of operation, including two clinics, a vocational training center, a youth development center, and 28 schools, out of 112 UNRWA schools in Syria. Other education facilities have been turned into prisons or field hospitals, imperiling Palestinians' academic careers.

Along similar lines, Palestinian refugees who have returned to Gilin town, in Daraa's western outskirts, after they fled the area due to the rampant shelling and deadly shootouts, continue to sound distress signals over the unbearable situation they have been enduring.

Gilin's infrastructure and public amenities have sustained massive destruction in the warfare. Civilians wishing to have access to healthcare facilities often head for AlMuzeireeb town as no clinics are operative in Gilin.

Several UNRWA facilities were destroyed in Gilin and nearby zones. Only one school is operative in the area.



Located some 25 kilometers away northwest of Daraa's city center, Gilin Camp was home to 5,000 families displaced from the occupied Palestinian territories.