

مجموعة العمل من أجل فلسطينيي سـورية Action Group For Palestinians of Syria

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## **التقرير اليومي** الخاص بأوضاع اللاجئين الفلسطينيين في سورية

Daily report on the situation of Palestinian refugees in Syria



"The bodies of civilians in Yarmouk camp await their removal from under the rubble"

- Air raids targets Yarmouk camp and Al-Hajar Al-Aswad in south Damascus
- The regime uses mine-sweeping machines to target Yarmouk camp in Damascus
- Fighter in the Popular Front-General Command dies and 12 others injured
- 5 buses carrying 200 fighters of Hayat Tahrir Al-Sham leaves Yarmouk camp to Idlib
- Japan donates 10 million dollars to UNRWA



## Victims

The Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine (General Command) has mourned the death of one of its fighters on the outskirts of Yarmouk camp for Palestinian refugees in the south of Damascus.

The General Command had stated on its official Facebook page that "Nader Jalal Ahmed," one of its fighters, died of his wounds after a mortar shells launched by ISIS from Al-Hajar Al-Aswad landed on the Bateekha roundabout, at the beginning of Yarmouk camp, while the buses were entering to transport the fighters of Hayat Tahrir Al-Sham to Idlib.



## Latest Developments

The Action Group's correspondent reported that a big number of civilian bodies remain under the rubble in Yarmouk camp, noting that over 20 bodies are still buried under their houses for the 12th day, as a result of the violent bombardments Yarmouk camp is being subjected to, with explosive barrels and rockets.



Our correspondent added that the bodies of Palestinian refugee "Ensherah Al-Shaaby," "Mohammed Hadba," "Haifa Hadba," "Abd El-Hady Al-Ghotany," "Basema Al-Ghotany," "Waleed Al-Wazir" and "Salah Al-Abayat" are still under the rubble of their homes since the 24th of April and to this moment, because of the lack of civil defense teams and emergency staff in the camp, and the difficulty of rescuing them by civilians because of the lack of equipment and machines dedicated to this purpose.

In the same context, the Syrian and Russian warplanes launched extensive air raids on Yarmouk camp for Palestinian refugees and Al-Hajar Al-Aswad neighborhood, causing material damage.

According to the Action Group's correspondent, the number of air raids since the morning hours and until the publishing of this report, were more than 70 airstrikes, targeting the sites and headquarters of ISIS, without any news of deaths or casualties within its ranks.



While the regime's army used minesweepers that fired UR77 explosive cartridges during its bombardment of Yarmouk camp, yesterday evening. According to our correspondent, the



minesweepers throw explosive hoses, causing massive destruction to large areas of the neighborhoods of the camp.

In the evening, the regime's aircrafts and artilleries fired heavy raids at the camp, while our correspondent in Yarmouk refugee camp was unable to identify the human damage caused by the shelling.

This comes on the thirteenth consecutive day of the military campaign on Yarmouk camp and south Damascus, which left 32 victims, according to documented statistics of the Action Group, in addition to the large destruction of buildings and the infrastructure of Yarmouk.

Meanwhile, the Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine announced that about 12 of its members and leaders were injured. They are: "Badr Ahmed Jibril," Member of the Central Committee, "Nedal Al-Ajoury," Member of the Central Committee, "Abu Ramy Awda," Political Guidance Officer in Lebanon, "Mostafa Abu Hassan," "Abd Qozay," Supervisor of the file of wounded military and security members, "Fawzy Shehada," Abu-Nar Official of Danon Secrecy, "Abu Aly Mahmoud," Official of Hama Esnad Secrecy, "Ammar Al-Ahmed," "Mohammed Mead," "Ahmed Abu Hassan," "Abu Ghadab," "Mohammed Al-Mohammed" and "Abu Saleh Shabeba." They were injured after a mortar shell launched by ISIS from Al-Hajar Al-Aswad landed on the Bateekha roundabout, at the beginning of Yarmouk camp, while the buses were entering to transport the fighters of Hayat Tahrir Al-Sham to Idlib.

Regarding the implementation of the first phase of the agreement concluded last Monday, between the forces of the Syrian



regime and Hayat Tahrir Al-Sham, which ordered the latter to leave Yarmouk camp to the north of Syria, in exchange for those who were trapped in the towns of Kafria and Fouah, and the kidnapped in Eshtabraq, yesterday, five buses carrying 200 members of Hayat Tahrir Al-Sham and their families left Yarmouk camp to the areas controlled by Tahrir Al-Sham-previously Al-Nusra, to Idlib.



In another context, media agencies quoted the Japanese government's intention to donate \$10 million to UNRWA, in order to assist in the provision of aid to the Palestinian refugees affected by the war in Syria.

This additional donation from Japan will provide Palestinian refugees from Syria with health services and emergency cash assistance, among other services, through UNRWA operations in Lebanon, Jordan and Syria.

On his part, UNRWA's Commissioner-General, Pierre Krähenbühl, expressed his welcoming to the much needed support at this time



saying: "We appreciate this generous donation from the Japanese government during this time of urgency."

UNRWA is suffering from major financial crises that have led to many downsizing of its services provided to Palestinian refugees, since the United States reduced its assistance to UNRWA.

## Palestinians of Syria: May 01, 2018 Statistics:

- The total number of victims documented by the Action Group is 3732, including 467 women
- 1674 Palestinians are locked up behind Syrian government's bars, 106 of which are women
- Yarmouk refugee camp is under the Syrian regime army and Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine's siege for 1,746 days in a row
- 206 refugees, mainly in Yarmouk Camp, have died due to lack of medical care and malnutrition
- Water supplies have been cut off Deraa Camp for 1482 days, and 1331 days in Yarmouk Camp
- The Regime army has been in control of Handarat camp for more than 578 days. More than 80% of its buildings have been completely or partially destroyed.
- Approximately 85 thousand Palestinian-Syrian refugees fled to Europe by the end of 2016, while 31 thousand refugees are estimated to be in Lebanon, 17 thousand refugees are sheltered in Jordan, 6 thousand refugees are in Egypt, 8 thousand refugees are staying in Turkey, and one thousand Palestinian-Syrians are in Gaza.