

التقرير اليومي الخاص بأوضاع اللاجئين الفلسطينيين في سورية

Daily report on the situation of Palestinian refugees in Syria

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"An Explosive Device Kills Two Former Leaders of Nusra and Injures a Number of Civilians in Yarmouk"



- Shelling at the Vicinity of Khan Al Shieh Camp amid Deteriorated Humanitarian Crises
- Shells Target the Only Road between Nairab and Aleppo for the Third Consecutive Day
- Palestine Charity Committee Continues to Provide Medical Aid for the Displaced Palestinian Families of Yarmouk

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Recent Updates

An unknown explosive device exploded yesterday in Al Quds Street in the Yarmouk camp south of the capital Damascus, and led to the death of two former leaders of Al Nusra; they are: Abu Bilal Hujeera and Firas Al Qashi. The explosion also resulted in a number of casualties among civilians.

The injuries were transferred to Al MAidani hospital at Al Hajar Al Aswad area; the stronghold of ISIS. It is noted that Al Quds Street area, where the explosive device were planted, is controlled by the Syrian regime. The two former leaders, Hujeera and Qashi, were split from the Nusra Front since the beginning of fighting between ISIS and Nusra 65 days ago.



In addition, witnesses from inside the camp, reported that ISIS members started digging tunnels between the residential buildings in areas controlled by Al Nusra Front and the people of Yarmouk movement - Buraq Brigades, as a prelude to trap and explode the tunnels. The two conflict parties continue to dig people's homes and open walls in the ongoing attempts to control the areas and residential buildings away from sniper fire.

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The clashes between ISIS and Nusra has been ongoing for 65 days in most neighborhoods of the Yarmouk refugee camp, which led to the death and injury of a number of civilians, and restrict their movement to bring the basic daily needs.

it is worth mentioning that the Syrian regime forces backed up with affiliated Palestinian groups continue to besiege the Yarmouk refugee camp for around (1083) days respectively, and continue to completely cut off electricity for (1144) days, and water for (633) days respectively, as they prevent the entry of food and medicine and prevent residents from entering or leaving through the main entrance.

About 25 km away of the capital of Damascus, the Syrian warplanes targeted the adjacent villages of Khan Al Shieh camp in Damascus suburb. The warplanes targeted Al Darkhabeia area with at least 8 explosive barrels coincided with the closure of all roads linking the camp with the adjacent areas by the Syrian Regular Army's checkpoints. Closing all roads has deteriorated the humanitarian and health conditions, as the camp suffers of severe shortage of medical materials and medicine.



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It is worth mentioning that Khan Al Shieh camp does not receive any aid or relief convoys by all local and European international and relief bodies such as UNRWA.

Meanwhile, the AGPS correspondent in Aleppo reported that the armed opposition groups targeted Ramousa Street, linking Aleppo with Nairab camp, for the third day, with a number of shells. The shelling resulted in a number of injuries among civilians, forcing the students of Nairab camp to head to Aleppo I norder to perform the high school exams, amid fears of being targeted.

Ramousa road is considered one of the most dangerous roads, as it has been targeted with shells and sniper shot, which suspended the movement of residents, employees, and students in Aleppo for fear of sniper shot.

The camp witnesses a state of instability and insecurity due to the tension security conditions. The location of Nairab camp near the Nairab military airport has made it a strategic point for the conflict parties in Syria. The camp was previously targeted with shells and fires, which resulted in a number of deaths among civilians. A number of residents are participating in the ongoing fights against the armed opposition groups making the camp vulnerable to be targeted by the opposition groups.

Civil Work Committees

The Pharmacy of Palestine Charity Committee continues to provide medical aid for the Palestinian families displaced from the Yarmouk

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camp in Damascus to Yalda, Babilla, and Bait Sahem towns, as the Committee distributes free medicine.

It is mentioned that hundreds of Palestinian families were forced to leave their houses in the besieged Yarmouk camp after ISIS imposed control over the camp since the beginning of last April.



Palestinians of Syria; Numbers and Statistics till 2\06\2016:

- 15500 Palestinian Syrian refugees are in Jordan
- 42.500 Palestinian Syrian refugees are in Lebanon
- 6000 Palestinian Syrian refugees are in Egypt, according to the UNRWA statistics till July 2015
- 8000 Palestinian Syrian refugees are in Turkey
- 1000 Palestinian Syrian refugees are in Gaza
- More than 71.2 thousand Palestinian Syrian refugees have reached Europe till the End of December 2015
- The Yarmouk Camp: siege, imposed by the Regular Army and PFGC groups, continued for 1083 consecutive days. Power cut continued for

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more than 1144 days, water was cut for 633 days respectively. The number of siege victims is 187.

- Al Sheina Camp: Regular Army is still preventing the residents of the camp to return back to their houses for 937 days respectively.
- Handarat Camp: All Residents have left the camp for about 1128 days after the Syrian Opposition Groups controlled it.
- Dara'a Camp: It is now almost 790 days without water and almost 70% of its buildings were demolished.
- Jermana, AL Saieda ZAinab, Al Raml, Al Aedein Camps in Homs and Hamma: A relatively quiet situation in light of the economic crises.
- Khan Al Sheih Camp: Roads linking the camp to the city center are still closed except for Zakia- Khan Al Sheih road.