



التقرير اليومي الخاص بأوضاع اللاجئين الفلسطينيين في سورية

Daily report on the situation of Palestinian refugees in Syria

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"Aknaf Bait Al Maqdes and the Youth of the Yarmouk Camp Face ISIS Groups and the Regime Groups' Attacks"



- Two Palestinians Die in Syria One of them is a PLA Recruit
- Humanitarian Disaster Threats the Yarmouk Camp
- Heavy Bombing Targets the Yarmouk Camp
- The Opposition Group "Al Izz Bin Abdulsalam" and the Regime Prevent the Treatment of the Yarmouk Camp Injured People
- Al Nusra Front Prevents the arrival of Reinforcementsto the Yarmouk Camp
- The Yarmouk Camp Activists Issue a Statement to Demand the Syrian Opposition to Intervene to Face ISIS Attacks
- UNRWA Demands All Conflict Parties in the Yarmouk Camp to Guarantee Protecting the Civilians
- Heavy Shelling Targets the Vicinity of Khan Al Shieh Camp in Damascus Suburb
- Turkey Rescues more than 30 Palestinian and Syrian Refugees from Drowning near Bodrum City

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Victims

The Palestinian refugee "Mohammed Saleh Isa" died due to wounded he attained after the clashes that broke out in the Yarmouk camp.

Meanwhile, the PLA recruit "Mahmoud Ahmed Qasim" also died at Tal Sawan area in the entrance of Doma city in Damascus suburb, raising the toll of the PLA victims that were documented by the AGPS to 120 victims, most of them died during military operations in Damascus suburb.

Recent Updates in the Yarmouk Camp

Violent clashes still ongoing since the day before yesterday in the Yarmouk camp in Damascus after hundreds of ISIS members broke into the camp, as Aknaf Bait AL Maqdis brigades faced and prevented them of impose their control over the camp.

Violent clashes renewed yesterday between "Aknaf" brigades and "ISIS" armed groups in the vicinity of Palestin mosque, AL Madares Street, Safed Street, and Ja'una area.

It is mentioned that activists insured the support of Al Nusra Front to ISIS where it prevented most of the forces to enter the camp such as Al Islam Army and Ababeel Huran forces and some groups succeeded to reach the camp where it formed with Aknaf Bait Al Maqdis a joint room to manage the battles against ISIS.



The Yarmouk camp and its vicinity were exposed to violent bombing with various shells that resulted in a big damage in Al Ouroba neighborhood which led to a number of injured people, coincided with the entrance of groups that are affiliated to the Regime and the PFGC through Palestine Street crossing and clashed with Aknaf Bait Al Maqdis.



Bombing targeted Al Ouroba neighborhood

In terms of living aspect, activists insured that a humanitarian disaster is about to happen in the camp where all hospitals are stopped working especially after the control of ISIS over Palestine hospital which is the only hospital in the camp that works with its minimum capacity, this obliged the activists to treat their injured people in primary ways and methods. The checkpoints of the Regular Army increased their suffering where they prevent the exit of the wounded people through the checkpoints to get treatment out of the camp. Moreover, Al Ezz Bin Abed Al Salam Brigade, which is affiliated to the Opposition, also prevented the wounded people to get out to Al Tadamon neighborhood to get treatment in its field hospitals.

The residents are still suffering of getting water due to the water system cut by the Syrian Regime on the houses for more than 200 days and the control of ISIS on some of the water distribution points.



In the same context, some activists inside the Yarmouk Camp issued a statement calling the Syrian Opposition factions to interfere to face the attack of ISIS on the Yarmouk camp. The statement referred that Aknaf Bait AL Maqdis and the residents of Yarmouk camp appealed the Factions and Brigades in the southern area to interfere since the

beginning of the attacks and they expected that those factions and brigades will help them and defend their brothers in the Yarmouk camp yet they only called for public mobilization inside their areas and their headquarters.

They only published several statements to condemn the invasion of ISIS and to incite to fight ISIS with any kind of actual reactions on the ground but moving some little groups on the parts of the camp that were banned to enter the camp by Al Ezz Bin Abdulsalam Brigade that is affiliated to Al Nusra Front.

The activists bear the responsibility of the events, destruction, and killing in the camp to all military faction that announced its oral solidarity with the Yarmouk residents. The statement stressed that the betrayal of those groups and battalions to the people of Yarmouk puts them in front of a

بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم
بسم الشعب والثورة ووحدته
بيان صادر عن أحرار ومخيم يرموك
بعد ما جرى في مخيم يرموك من أحداث ومحاولة تنظيم الدولة السيطرة عليه وفرض هيئته بالقوة قامت كتائب الكفاح بيت المقدس مع المدنيين والأهالي بالتصدي لقوات التنظيم التي استحكمت في بعض الأحياء في المخيم؟
وبسبب الضغط الكبير والقوة الضخمة التي يملكها تنظيم الدولة لم يستطع مقاتلو الكفاح ومن معهم من الأهالي منع التنظيم من السيطرة على أجزاء كبيرة من مخيم يرموك
فلما برز نداء استغاثة للتصالح والعودة العادلة في المنطقة الجنوبية والذي كان من المتوقع أن تقوم جميع الفصائل والألوية بتلبية هذا النداء والتمسك عن اخوتهم في مخيم يرموك. ولكنهم حتى هذه اللحظة لم يقوموا سوى بالتفكير العام في مناطقهم وحيث تقع مقراتهم واصدروا عدة بيانات تدعو وتحرض على قتل تنظيم الدولة من دون أي تحرك فعلي على أرض الواقع سواء بتحريك بعض المجموعات الصغيرة باتجاه أطراف المخيم، جرى منعها على يد إحدى تشكيلات الجيش الحر (واء العز بن عبد السلام) إن اختراق داعش وتقدمها في مخيم يرموك، تحت أعين ومتابعة مختلف التشكيلات العسكرية التي أعلنت تضامنا للظلم، يضع أولئك المتابعون والمراقبون أمام السؤال حول حقيقة التزامهم وارتباطهم بعالم الثورة وعلمها. ونحن من الجانب الإنساني اتجاه اخوتنا وأهلنا في مخيم يرموك قررنا إصدار هذا البيان من أجل الضغط على جميع من يهدم القرار الفعلي للتحرك الآن قبل سقوط كامل مخيم يرموك وتهجير ما تبقى من سكان في المخيم والقضاء على كافة أشكال الثورة والعمل الوطني

أحرار مخيم يرموك

الخميس 2-4-2015

The published statement



question about the reality of their belonging and attachment to the world of Revolution and its work.

In conclusion, the activists demanded all parties, especially the hand of the actual decision to move before the full of the Yarmouk camp, and the displacement of the rest of the population.

For its part, the UNRWA called all parties of the conflict in Syria to respect its obligations to protect civilians and spare them the ongoing conflict there, to end the fighting, and to return to the conditions that will enable employees to provide support and assistance to civilians in Yarmouk.



Palestine mosque area in yarmouk camp yesterday

UNRWA expressed concern in the words of its Media spokesman "Sami Mshasha" about the safety of the Palestinian and the Syrian civilians in the Yarmouk refugee camp, which witnessed violent clashes between Aknaf Bait Al Maqdis Brigades and ISIS brigades after they broke into the camp.



Mr. Mshasha pointed out that there are 3,500 children among the 18,000 residents who live in Yarmouk; they are at risk of death, injury, and displacement after armed groups engaged in heavy fighting there.

Khan Al Shieh Camp

Sporadic shelling and clashes targeted the vicinity of Khan Al Shieh camp for Palestinian refugees in Damascus suburb, while the suffering of its residents are still continue as all the roads closed. The closing of all roads led to the loss of many basic supplies, while the residents are suffering of the deteriorated health services inside the camp since there is only one hospital for the UNRWA that provides simple services.

Turkey

The Turkish authorities announced yesterday that the Turkish costal guards rescued more than 30 Palestinian Syrian Refugees from drowning while they were trying to reach Europe from the city of Bodurm. It is mentioned that Turkey is considered a point that the Palestinian Syrian refugees use to reach Europe.

Numbers and Statistics till 2/4/2015

- *At least 27933 Palestinian Syrian refugees have reached Europe during the last 4 years.*
- *The Yarmouk Camp: - Siege, imposed by the Regular Army and PFGC, continued for 635 days respectively. In addition, power cuts*



continued for more than 715 days, water was cut for 205 days respectively. The number of victims due to the siege has reached to 173 victims.

- *80,000 Palestinian Syrian refugees escaped from Syria to the neighboring towns, including 10,687 refugees in Jordan, 51,300 in Lebanon and 6,000 refugees in Egypt, according to UNRWA statistics till February 2015.*
- *Al Husayneyya Camp: - Regular Army is still preventing the residents of the camp to return back to their houses for 536 days respectively.*
- *Al Sbeina Camp: - Regular Army is still preventing the residents of the camp to return back to their houses for 506 days respectively.*
- *Handarat Camp: - Residents have left the camp for 708 days after the Syrian Opposition Groups controlled it.*
- *Dara'a Camp: - It is now almost 352 days without water and 70% of its buildings were demolished.*
- *Jermana, AL Saieda ZAINAB, Al Raml, Al Aedein Camps in Homs and Hamma: - A relatively quiet situation in light of the economic crises.*
- *Khan Al Sheih Camp: - Roads linking the camp to the city center are still closed except for Zakia- Khan Al Sheih road.*