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التقرير اليومي

الخاص بأوضاع اللاجئين الفلسطينيين في سورية

Daily report on the situation of Palestinian refugees in Syria



"Family Appeals for Release of Palestinian Refugee from Turkish Custody"

- 7 Palestinian Refugees Killed in War-Torn Syria in February
- Residents of AlRamadan Camp for Palestinian Refugees Facing Exacerbated Humanitarian Condition
- Palestinian Refugees Continue to Rally in Stockholm over Humanitarian Asylum



Latest Developments

The family of Palestinian refugee Rabii Hasan continues to appeal to the concerned national and international institutions to work on releasing their relative from Turkish detention centers, where he has been held for 23 consecutive days.

Palestinian refugee Rabii Hasan has been detained by the Turkish authorities since February 14, 2020 after he was transferred by his friends to a hospital in Bursa to be treated for wounds he sustained in a fight that broke out at his workplace.

A relative of Rabii said the latter was taken to a hospital by his colleague who is a holder of the kimlik temporary protection card. As soon as Rabii recuperated his consciousness the hospital administration accused him of forgery and reached out to the police. The refugee was sent to a detention center in Bursa shortly after.



Rabii's family has appealed to the international humanitarian institutions, the Palestine Embassy in Turkey, the Popular Conference for Palestinians Abroad, and the Turkish Association to Support Palestine (FIDAR) to urge the Turkish authorities to release



the refugee, provide him with psycho-physical protection, and prevent his forced deportation to Syria.

Unofficial statistics indicate that 8,000 Palestinians from Syria have sought shelter in Turkey, where they have been facing dire socio-economic conditions and denied access to the local labor market.

Turkish embassies continue to prevent Palestinian refugees from Syria from obtaining visas. As a result, hundreds of Palestinians have embarked on life-threatening journeys via illegal immigration roads to reach Turkey, fleeing war and economic hardship.

In another development, AGPS has documented the death of seven Palestinian refugees from Syria in February 2020 due to warrelated incidents.

The list of casualties includes two Palestinian refugees who were killed in an Israeli air strike on Damascus; two refugees who died after an explosive device went off in Daraa, south of Syria, and two refugees who were assassinated. Another Palestinian refugee was killed as he took part in armed fighting west of Aleppo province.

AGPS has documented the death of over 4,000 Palestinian refugees in/from Syria, including more than 400 women and girls, since the outbreak of the bloody warfare in 2011.

Scores of Palestinian refugees have also been left wounded, including dozens who have undergone limb amputation or eye loss.

Meanwhile, residents of AlRamadan Camp for Palestinian refugees, southeast of Syria, continue to launch cries for help over the socio-economic crises they have been enduring as a result of



poverty, unemployment, the acute dearth in vital items, including fuel, and the swift price leap.

The residents continue to appeal to all concerned authorities, particularly UNRWA, to take urgent action in response to the dire humanitarian situation they have been struggling with.



Founded in the 1950s following efforts made by UNRWA to that end, AlRamdan Camp for Palestinian refugees is located some 50 kilometers away from southeastern Damascus. The nearest city to the camp—AlDameer city—is located at a distance of nine kilometers.

In the meantime, Palestinian refugees continue to rally outside of the Swedish parliament in Stockholm, protesting the rejection of their applications for asylum by the Swedish migration authorities.

Activists said local authorities have been treating refugees' demands on a political basis, rather than a humanitarian or legal basis. They added that most demands are rejected without taking into consideration the humanitarian conditions of the refugees.



The refugees have urged the Swedish government to grant them their right to psycho-physical protection and humanitarian asylum in line with human rights and refugee conventions.

Though the Swedish authorities consider Palestine as an unsafe place, with poor education and health services, they have been denying Palestinian refugees humanitarian asylum.

Over recent years, hundreds of Palestinian refugees have been denied asylum in Sweden and received immediate deportation orders. Several refugees, including elderly refugees and persons with special needs, have been staying in the country for over 10 years. Dozens of children have also been born in the country.

