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## التقرير اليومي الخاص بأوضاع اللاجئين الفلسطينيين في سورية

Daily report on the situation of Palestinian refugees in Syria



"ISIS forces the students of Yarmouk camp to enroll in its schools and threatens to punish the violators"

- Tahrir Al-Sham targets one of ISIS's sites in the west of Yarmouk
- Bombardment hits a vehicle transporting members of ISIS in Yarmouk camp
- The Action Group participates in a workshop about the suffering of Palestinian-Syrians in Lebanon
- A new census of the displaced Palestinian-Syrians and the Syrians in Beddawi camp, announced



## **Latest Developments**

Our correspondent in Yarmouk camp has confirmed that ISIS gave a deadline for all the students of Yarmouk camp in Damascus, to leave their schools in the neighboring towns and to enroll in its schools in Al-Hajar Al-Aswad neighborhood, adjacent to the camp.

According to our correspondent, ISIS announced that it will ban the crossing of the students to the towns adjacent to the camp, within days, threatening the violators of the decision with severe penalties.

ISIS has closed all of the alternative schools in Yarmouk camp, forcing the students to enroll in the schools in the neighboring towns.



This decision comes within a series of systematic violations performed by ISIS against the residents of Yarmouk camp, including executions, crucifications and whipping in public squares.

In a similar context. The members of Hayat Tahrir Al-Sham targeted one of ISIS's center points in the west of Yarmouk camp, while members of the organization were fortifying their positions in the area.



According to our correspondent, the operation carried out by the members of Tahrir Al-Sham resulted in the death and injury of a number of ISIS's members.

ISIS had imposed its control over Yarmouk camp since early-April 2015, with the aid and support of Al-Nusra Front.

Meanwhile, Yarmouk camp was bombarded by the Syrian regime forces on Monday-Tuesday night, in which a vehicle transporting members of ISIS was targeted. The Action Group did not receive confirmed numbers of the dead in the ranks of ISIS. in the meantime, clashes between ISIS and the Free Palestine Movement broke out on the axis of Yarmouk's Secondary School in Palestine Street. Medium weapons were used in the fighting, and no injuries were reported on either side.

In Lebanon, AGPS participated with its media representative "Fayez Abu Eid" in a workshop organized by the Committee of the Displaced on Monday 5th of March 2018 under the title, "The Suffering of the Palestinians of Syria between UNRWA and the Legal Situation... Reality... Difficulties... Hopes," in the headquarters of the municipality of Sidon in southern Lebanon.

Media representative, Abu Eid, addressed in his paper presented under the title, "Palestinians of Syria... Where to? An Unknown Future," the situation of the Palestinian-Syrian refugees in Lebanon on the living, economic, legal and medical levels, noting that the Palestinian-Syrian refugees are still complaining from the unstable conditions resulting from the fragility of the legal situation in



Lebanon. The Lebanese government continues to treat Palestinians as visitors who must leave after the end of their stay.

Abu Eid noted that the number of Palestinian-Syrian refugees in Lebanon declined significantly during the past few years, because of the legal decisions taken by the Lebanese government in an undeclared manner that prevent their entry into its territory, and as a result of the deterioration of their living conditions, and their inability to carry the burden of life in Lebanon, in addition to the widespread of unemployment, and the reduction of assistance provided by UNRWA or the relief institutions and associations. He added that these reasons caused them to return to Syria or to choose to risk taking on the sea on death boat, to find a safer and more dignitious life.



In the conclusion of his statement, Fayez Abu Eid referred to the future of the Palestinian refugees from Syria in Lebanon, amid the absence of official Palestinian, Arab and international movement, as vague and subject to one of the following scenarios: voluntary repatriation to Syria, as some families have done recently, or



refoulement, by preventing Palestinian refugees from Syria to enter Lebanon under any circumstances, which is what the Lebanese government has done "in a soft and coarse way," or mass deportation under the umbrella of the law, or the isolation of refugees in border camps like the Jordanian and Turkish authorities did. The final scenario is resorting to camps in the event of a failure to obtain legal residence or to settle the situation of Palestinian refugees from Syria in Lebanon and a heightened sense of threat. Abu Eid stressed that in this case, the humanitarian and living conditions of the Palestinian refugees will double, whether they have been residents since the first asylum or the arrivals, and that this will have negative repercussions on both parties, because these camps are already suffering from misery and curse.

In another context, the Joint Security Force in Beddawi camp, located in Tripoli, north Lebanon, issued a statement to announce that it will conduct a comprehensive survey of the population of the camp, including the Palestinian-Syrian refugees and the Syrians living in the camp, by filling out special forms provided by delegates from the Security Committee.

The Joint Security Force called on all the Palestinian-Syrian refugees and the Syrians living in the camp, to respond to the delegates and facilitate their task, in order to ensure the smooth conduct of the survey, which is primarily aimed at maintaining security and stability in the camp, according to the Force.



## Palestinians of Syria: March 06, 2018 Statistics:

- The total number of victims documented by the Action Group is 3666, including 465 women
- 1672 Palestinians are locked up behind Syrian government's bars, 106 of which are women
- Yarmouk refugee camp is under the Syrian regime army and Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine's siege for 1,692 days in a row
- 205 refugees, mainly in Yarmouk Camp, have died due to lack of medical care and malnutrition
- Water supplies have been cut off Deraa Camp for 1428 days, and 168 days in Yarmouk Camp
- The Regime army has been in control of Handarat camp for more than 523 days. More than 80% of its buildings have been completely or partially destroyed.
- Approximately 85 thousand Palestinian-Syrian refugees fled to Europe by the end of 2016
- 31 thousand refugees are located in Lebanon
- 17 thousand refugees are sheltered in Jordan
- 6 thousand refugees are in Egypt