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التقرير اليومي

الخاص بأوضاع اللاجئين الفلسطينيين في سورية

Daily report on the situation of Palestinian refugees in Syria



"Palestinian Refugee Arrested in Istanbul"

- UNRWA Sends Electronic Poll to Palestinians from Syria in Lebanon
- Claims of Potable Water Contamination Denied in AlNeirab Camp
- Solar Lighting Initiative Held in Hums Refugee Camp



Latest Developments

Turkish authorities arrested Palestinian young man Aghid Mohamed AlSaadi, a former resident of AlNeirab Camp for Palestinian refugees, some 35 days ago after they broke into his family house.

Local sources said a fight broke out between Arab and Turkish youths living in the same apartment. Police showed up in the area and arrested all those involved.

Aghid's friends said he was not involved in the fight. His family continues to appeal for information about his condition.

Turkish authorities often repatriate refugees from Syria involved in law breaches.

In another development, UNRWA sent text messages to Palestinian refugees from Syria in Lebanon to inspect their views about cash aid distribution.

An electronic poll was sent to the refugees to study their reactions to aid delivery through LibanPost and their views about UNRWA staff.

Recently, a poll was carried out by UNRWA about the performance of change offices and the refugees' satisfaction. The refugees showed dismay at the mistreatment of staff at Liban Post along with UNRWA's lack of control over the aid delivery process.



Some 27,000 Palestinians from Syria have sought refuge in Lebanon, where they have been enduring exacerbated living conditions and subjected to a precarious legal status.

Meanwhile, social media pages covering the situation in AlNeirab Camp denied claims that potable water is contaminated in the camp.

Over recent years, residents of AlNeirab Camp said water has been contaminated by sewage, causing it to become foul and salty.

The General Water Company in Aleppo said efforts have been ongoing to control water tanks and ensure drinking water standards are safely implied.

AlNeirab camp is the largest official camp in Syria and is 13km east of the city of Aleppo near the Aleppo airport.

Before the start of the conflict in Syria, Neirab camp was home to more than 20,000 Palestine refugees. With nearly 18,000 registered refugees, Neirab camp is among the most densely populated camps. The camp suffers from overcrowding and a lack of privacy. Like other areas in Syria, displacement, unemployment, inflation, protection and security risks are among the main concerns shared by Palestine refugees and Syrians alike.

Poor shelters and poor construction of the barracks result in scorching temperatures in summer and freezing conditions in winter. Water leakage and rodent infestation also remain a problem for the refugees.



In the meantime, the Charity Committee in AlAyedeen Camp for Palestinian refugees, in Hums, has started works to install 14 solar lighting devices in Akka and Nazareth streets.

The move comes as part of a lighting project launched by the Islamic Jihad Movement to enhance street lighting in Palestinian refugee camps in Syria.

Palestinians taking shelter in AlAyedeen Camp in Hums have been facing a deteriorating humanitarian situation as a result of the price leap, sharp shortage in fuel supplies, the frequent power blackouts, and absence of humanitarian assistance. High rates of unemployment and the security turmoil rocking the region have made the situation far more alarming.