

التقرير اليومي الخاص بأوضاع اللاجئين الفلسطينيين في سورية

Daily report on the situation of Palestinian refugees in Syria

TUESDAY 09-08-2016

NO.1376

"A Victim and Many Injures in the Internationally Banned Cluster Bombs in khan Al Shieh Camp"



- A Palestinian-Syrian Family -Detained in Quortaj Airport Appeal through the AGPS to end the Detention
- Dash Imposes Siege on Residents of Alqatena in the Yarmok Camp
- Regular Army, no return for residents of Sbeina Camp since 1000 days
- The Palestinian Authority Distributes a Group of Passports for the Palestinians of Syria in Gaza
- A Palestinian-Syrian Refugee Missed in Turkey since the Beginning of Crisis

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Recent Updates

The Russian warplanes targeted the civilian homes with cluster bombs in Khan Al Sheih camp resulting the death of the Palestinian refugee – Mahmod Mohsen Falah Alkhaldi- (Abo Ashrf Alkhaldi) and more than 10 injures including civilians, children, and women.

The shelling came despite the released statement by the opposition that says there are no sites for the opposition in the Palestinian refugee camp Khan Al Shieh in 6/8/2016.



As a result of the partial blockade imposed on the camp, and being located on the confrontation line, the camp is suffering from harsh humanitarian conditions, severe shortage of health services, and huge damages in term of infrastructure and services.

It is noteworthy that the cluster bombs are internationally banned as it is consisted of a bomb that fires huge number of small bombs in the air. It is used when attacking people, armored vehicles or to burn something. Where these small bombs can cover a wide area, and it can be fired above or below the ground which raises the possibility to miss the target.



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A Palestinian-Syrian family detained by Tunisian Authorities in Quortaj airport appealed - through the Working Group for the Palestinians in Syria- human rights in all sides, PLO, Palestinian Factions, and the Palestinian Embassy in Tunis to stop the deportation from the Quortaj airport.

The family was on its way towards Mauritania from Beirut Airport. The family consisted of three members, including a one-year old baby, knowing that they were legally moved from the Beirut airport towards Mauritania via the Tunisian Airlines.

As the Tunisian authorities at the airport intend to force the family to return to Lebanon knowing that Lebanon prevents the Palestinian-Syrian to get into its territory, which doubles the possibility of being deported to the Syrian territory which threatens their lives.

On the other side, it was reported from besieged Yarmok camp, that Daash imposes siege on the civilians living in areas under the control of the "Fath-Sham" in the Rijh area and Ain Ghazal and Haifa Streets, preventing food and basic services on them, after a decision by the organization last Friday morning in an attempt to put pressure on the faction -Nusra- to leave the camp.

More than 50 civilian families live in the area, in addition to the fighters families – Fath-sham fighters- while teachers are allowed to get in and out the camp.



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The people of Ain Ghazal neighborhood and areas under the control of Fath-Sham (Nusra) party in the Yarmouk refugee camp, warned of the consequences of the blockade imposed by - Daash, which result in victims and lack of food due to the arbitrary actions against them.

It is worth mentioning that the regular army and groups of the General Command impose a blockade on the Yarmouk refugee camp for 1147 days respectively, power outages for more than (1208) days, and water outages for (697) days respectively, while (187) were died because of the siege, hunger, lack of care medical, and preventing food and medical supplies to the besieged residents in the camp.

Meanwhile, the Regular Army and some of the Palestinian groups loyal to him continue to prevent residents of Sbiena camp to return to their homes for 1000 days respectively, after being forced to leave because of the violent clashes between the Regular Army and groups of armed opposition, which ended with the complete dominance of the Regular Army on the camp.

According to eyewitnesses, more than 80% of the camp is completely destroyed, mainly the area from Moaz Bin Jabl mosque to the camp bakery—known as Kurds bakery—which is the western entrance of the camp.

It is mentioned that the residents displaced to neighboring towns and camps, which lead them to a new suffering, not only leaving their homes, but to include all of their lives, which turned into a tragedy due to the economic conditions, unemployment and poor financial resources.



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In another context, the Department of Refugee Affairs in the Gaza Strip, distributed a batch of passports from the Palestinian Authority in Ramallah to the Palestinians who displaced from Libya, Syria and Yemen.

It is noteworthy that about a thousand of Palestinian-Syrian refugees are facing harsh living conditions after they fled from the war in Syria, where they are suffering from dire economic conditions, in addition to their inability to secure housing and employment, due to the catastrophic situation of the Gaza Strip, caused by the imposed siege and last war on Gaza.

In Turkey, the Syrian-Palestinian refugee "Ahmed Khalil Mustafa," a citizen of the Yarmouk refugee camp, according to eyewitnesses, the young man disappeared since the beginning of the coup in Turkey while he was in the city of Istanbul, in turn, Mustafa's family called the Turkish authorities, human rights organizations and international organizations to intervene in order to clarify the fate of their missing son.





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It is noteworthy that the number of the Palestinian-Syrian refugees in Turkey is estimated- according to unofficial statistics- between (6) to (8) thousands of refugees are living in Istanbul and the provinces of central and southern Turkey.

Palestinians of Syria; Numbers and Statistics till 8\08\2016:

- 15500 Palestinian Syrian refugees are in Jordan
- 42.500 Palestinian Syrian refugees are in Lebanon
- 6000 Palestinian Syrian refugees are in Egypt, according to the UNRWA statistics till July 2015
- 8000 Palestinian Syrian refugees are in Turkey
- 1000 Palestinian Syrian refugees are in Gaza
- More than 71.2 thousand Palestinian Syrian refugees have reached Europe till the End of December 2015
- The Yarmouk Camp: siege, imposed by the Regular Army and PFGC groups, continued for 1147 consecutive days. Power cut continued for more than 1208 days, water was cut for 697 days respectively. The number of siege victims is 187.
- Al Sheina Camp: Regular Army is still preventing the residents of the camp to return back to their houses for 1000 days respectively.
- Handarat Camp: All Residents have left the camp for about 1 192 days after the Syrian Opposition Groups controlled it.
- Dara'a Camp: It is now almost 851 days without water and almost 70% of its buildings were demolished.



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- Jermana, AL Saieda ZAinab, Al Raml, Al Aedein Camps in Homs and Hamma: A relatively quiet situation in light of the economic crises.
- Khan Al Sheih Camp: Roads linking the camp to the city center are still closed except for Zakia- Khan Al Sheih road.