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## التقرير اليومي

## الخاص بأوضاع اللاجئين الفلسطينيين في سورية

Daily report on the situation of Palestinian refugees in Syria



"The Action Group reveals the roles of 'ISIS and the regime' in the deteriorating health conditions in Yarmouk camp"

- · A resident of Yarmouk camp dies of a gunshot in Bourj el-Barajneh camp in Beirut
- A Palestinian student achieves first place across Syria, in the basic education examinations
- 696 Palestinian families were forcibly displaced from the south of Damascus to the Syrian north
- · Hygiene parcels distributed to the Palestinian-Syrians in Beddawi camp, north of Lebanon
- ATM card packaged for the Palestinian Syrians in Lebanon



## **Victims**

Palestinian refugee "Raed Sweed," from Yarmouk camp for Palestinian refugees in Damascus, has died of a gunshot wound he sustained during a fight that broke out in Bourj el-Barajneh camp in the Lebanese capital, Beirut.

According to the reports received by the Action Group, "Raed Sweed" was injured on Sunday night during a fight that occurred in the camp. He was immediately taken to hospital, but died of his wounds on the following day. A number of Palestinian-Syrian refugees have died in the camps in Lebanon, as a result of the security and weapon chaos.



## **Latest Developments**

The Action Group revealed in its documentational report titled "The Health Condition of the Palestinian Refugee Camps Amid the Syrian Crisis" the role played by ISIS, the armed groups and the Syrian regime in the deterioration of the health conditions in Yarmouk camp. The Group said that most relief and health institutions in Yarmouk halted their services in the camp, fearing ISIS' kidnapping of the staff of these institutions. Yarmouk camp for Palestinian refugees in Damascus witnessed a rapid deterioration in the health



situation in the first half of 2015, after ISIS took control of the camp. In April 2015, Palestine Hospital was bombarded with a number of mortar shells, and many of its staff got injured with different wounds. "Nasser Bakir," "Mohammed Al-Bahry," "Wessam Al-Ghoul" and "Mahmoud Khattab" were among the identified victims. Activists are also required to treat their wounds in primitive ways.

In its 54-page document, the Action Group noted that the total siege imposed by the Syrian regime on Yarmouk camp, which resulted in the lack of food and medical supplies and medicine from entering the camp, as well as the prevention of patients from leaving the camp for treatment, worsened the health conditions in Yarmouk camp. Al-Ezz ibn Abd Al-Salam battalion, affiliated to the opposition, acted similarly by banning the injured in the camp from entering Al-Tadamon neighborhood, to be treated in the field hospitals.



The Action Group confirmed in its report that the violations performed by ISIS in Yarmouk camp such as pursuing relief activists and medical personnel, stealing the contents of some hospitals and medical points, and imposing its total siege on the Ain Ghazal Street



in the camp, aggravated the deterioration of the health conditions inside the camp.

On the 31st of August 2016, in Al-Rija Square that lies under the control of the Fath Al-Sham Movement, in Yarmouk camp, the Medical Rescue Center described the humanitarian and health conditions as bad, as a result of malnutrition and the lack of drinking water, because of the siege imposed on Al-Rija area by ISIS on one side, and the Syrian regime and the Palestinian factions loyal to it on the other.

Palestinian student "Farah Mohammed Abd El-Halim" from Haifa and resident of the Damr Palestinian refugees community, acheived the total score on the basic education certificate exam in Syria with a total of 3100 out of 3100 marks, thus achieving the first position among all the students of the Syrian Arab Republic.

Meanwhile, Palestinian students in Syria suffered from difficult educational conditions, with many schools being completely destroyed by the repeated bombardment of the Palestinian camps in Syria.

On the other hand, the convoys of the displaced from the towns of south Damascus to the north of Syria arrived in batches and were distributed on the liberated cities in the north of Syria, including and Idlib, due to the large overcrowding in the numbers of the displaced as a result of the presence of other displaced people from the northern suburbs of Homs and the eastern Ghouta villages, that were estimated at 300 thousand displaced people within a few weeks.



The number of displaced Palestinian families from Yarmouk camp to northern Syria was estimated at 696 according to the statistics of the Kheir Umma Foundation, distributed to several camps in Idlib and Aleppo as follows: 400 families in Deir Balout camp, 50 families in Atma camp, 22 families in Bansh camp, 45 families in Jandaris camp, 109 families in Azaz and 70 families in Idlib.



The Kheir Umma Foundation pointed out that the number is not stable due to instability and the desire of many displaced people to move to Turkey, despite the high risk of crossing the border, which may cost very high sums of money or life, as happened with the refugee "Saadu Zagmout," who was shot dead by the Turkish gendarmerie on the 15th of May 2018 as he tried to cross.

The armed Syrian opposition in south Damascus and Hayat Tahrir Al-Sham, which controlled the western areas of Yarmouk camp, left the south of Damascus after an agreement with the Syrian regime, that ordered the members of those groups to leave the region with their families, towards the Syrian north.



In Lebanon, on Saturday June 9, 2018, the Al-Samoud Children's House, Al-Badawwi Center, distributed personal hygiene rations, with the support of UNDP, to Palestinian families living in Beddawi camp in the northern Lebanese city of Tripoli. Informal statistics indicate that the number of Palestinian families living in Beddawi camp is estimated to be about 850 families.

On its part, UNRWA packaged the ATM cards for the Palestinian-Syrian refugees displaced to Lebanon, and provided \$100 for rent allowance for each Palestinian refugee family from Syria, as well as 40 thousand Syrian pounds (\$27) as food allowance, per person.

The estimated 31,000 Palestinian refugees displaced by Syria, according to UNRWA statistics until the end of December 2016, continue to suffer from harsh living conditions due to the scarcity of relief assistance, the lack of stable financial resources, and the difficult cost of living in Lebanon.