

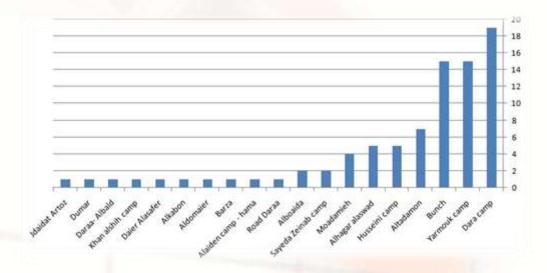
التقرير اليومي الخاص بأوضاع اللاجئين الفلسطينيين في سورية

Daily report on the situation of Palestinian refugees in Syria

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"91 Palestinian refugees were executed in the field since the Beginning of the Syrian Conflict, Including 17 PLA Officers"



- A Palestinian Refugee Dies Due to Torture in the Syrian Prisons
- Setting the Appointment of the Students to get out of Yarmouk for their Exams
- Bombing and Clashed in the Adjacent Areas of Khan AL Shieh Camp
- News about the Close of the Return of Al Husseiniya Residents to their Camp
- AGPS Documents Several Violations towards the Palestinians of Syria Refugees by the Lebanese Authorities

Email: Reports@actionpal.org Mobile: 00447447423737

Phone: 00442084530919 00442084530994



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Statistics

The AGPS declared that 91 Palestinians were executed in the field since the beginning of the ongoing Syrian conflict till 13th of May. Numbers of them were executed by the Syrian Regime, and others were executed by Opposition Forces, including 17 PLA officers who were kidnapped and killed two years ago while they were in their way back from their military location in Mesyaf to their camp AL Nairab in Aleppo before they were killed after one month of being kidnapped. The Syrian Regime accused the Opposition of killing the PLA soldiers.

When the Opposition broke into Idlib they found pictures for the corpse of the two PLA soldiers, Mahmoud Abu Allail and Anas Kareem. Pictures indicated that they died under torture in the Syrian prisons. The photos were found in the Syrian Security Department in Idlib after the control of the Opposition over it, which proves the responsibility of the Syrian Security for the massacre of the 17 PLA soldiers.

The AGPS documentation team clarified that 91 victims were executed in the field, and were distributed according to the Palestinian and Syrian camps as the following: 19 refugees were executed in Daraa camp, 18 in Aleppo, 15 at Yarmouk camp, 7 at Al Tadamoun neighborhood in Damascus Suburb, 5 refugees in Al Husseiniya camp, 5 at Al Hajar Al Aswad, 4 at Al Madameyya, 4 refugees at AL Aedin camp in Homs by the Syrian Security after they surrendered, two refugees at Al Sayyeda Zainab camp, 2 at Al Bowayda, 2 at Der'aa, 8 refugees were distributed on AL Aedin camp, Barza, AlDameers, Al QabounmDair Al Asafeerm Khan Al Shieh Camp, Damr, and Jadeedet Artouz.



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Victims

The Palestinian refugee Ehsan Ammar Abu Rashed, 27 years old from the Yarmouk camp died due to torture in the Syrian prisons. His death news was leaked by a detainee that was earlier released, while the AGPS was not able to assure the news from any other source. It is mentioned that the PFGC and Fatah AL Intifada which are loyal to the Syrian Regime, delivered Ihsan to the Syrian Security in 2012.

Recent Updates

A state of tension and the absence of security and safety spread among the people of Yarmouk as a result of ISIS control over the camp since the beginning of April. ISIS storming into the camp has resulted in the targeting of the camp with explosive barrels, which increased the scope of destruction in it. As well as, relief aid also stopped for the remaining of the people in the camp once and for all, which exacerbated their living and humanity suffering.

In terms of the educational aspect, Thursday was set as a date for the primary school students from Yarmouk camp to exit through Beit Sahem area, in order to submit their final exams. Meanwhile, high school and university students will wait until the primary school students finish their exams.

It is noteworthy that, despite the continuing siege of the camp and cut off water and electricity, educational process did not stop and was completed by voluntary efforts.



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Some wedding halls and kindergartens turned into educational centers in addition to the main mosques in the camp; such as Palestine mosque and Abdel Kader Husseini Mosque.

The number of those educational centers is 6, and is distributed between primary and secondary schools, while the number of students in one of them has reached 1200 students.



Destruction in Yarmouk camp

Heavy shelling targeted the surrounding farms of Khan Al Shieh camp in Damascus suburb, coincided with bombing that targeted Zakia- Khan Al Shieh road by members of the regiment "137" of the regular army.

The residents are suffering of lack of food and fuel as a result of the repeated closure of the roads connecting between the camp and the surrounding areas, while Zakya – Khan Al Shieh; the only crossing for residents of the camp, is targeted with shelling and sniping and shelling.

On the other hand, media networks "Facebook," reported news about the return of Husseiniya people to their homes and properties within 10 days. In their turn, activists said."



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"People, dignitaries, and activists of Husseiniya camp tired of these promises and procrastination regarding their return to their homes, as they carried the Syrian army and those responsible of reconciliation file the responsibility of that procrastination in the return of residents to their homes, especially the regular army and Palestinian armed groups control the camp and Husseiniya area on 17th of October 2013. The checkpoints of the regular army close the entrances of the camp and prevent its residents from returning to it.

The activists, who launched previously several media campaigns in order to return to the camp, also condemned large number of Syrian promises for the near return of residents to Husseiniya camp, and most recently according to the message "the beginning of the current year, as the Minister of National Reconciliation talked about Husseiniya in an interview for the TV Syrian news; he said "the people of Husseiniya will be in their homes during the first three months of 2015.



Husseiniya camp



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It is noteworthy that the people of Husseiniya camp are suffering from harsh living conditions, where they were distributed to neighboring areas, and were forced to rent houses with high amounts, which increased the economic burden in the absence of financial resources and the spread of unemployment as a result of the ongoing war in Syria.

Lebanon

The AGPS documented several violations by the Lebanese authorities towards the Palestinians of Syria refugees after the AGPS received many complain letters. The letters contain complains that the Lebanese authorities prevent the refugees to enter the Lebanese territory though they have the required documents, and prevent them from renewing their residencies and if they went to renew they put the transfer stamp on their documents because of that many of them didn't go to renew their residencies which led to put their lives caught between the renew and transfer. The prevention prompted the refugees not to renew their residencies and to stay prisoned at home and the areas that they live in fearing to be arrested and transferred to Syria which increased their economic burdens. Some cases were documented that the Lebanese authorities stamped the refugees passports with the stamp of transfer and some of them were granted two weeks of residencies where some of them the authorities refused to renew their residencies.

The Lebanese authorities are still dealing with the Palestinians of Syria file from the security prospective and all their procedures are controlled with the fear of resettlement and the alternative country in addition to the



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suffering of the Palestinian refugees such as shelter, food, clothes and medicine. The AGPS called the Lebanese government to stop its violations towards the Palestinians of Syria refugees and treating them as refugees and they have the right to stay in Lebanon till the end of the ongoing conflict in Syria.

The AGPS also demanded the Lebanese government to comply with the international human rights treaties and conventions and not to return any refugees who demand a safe shelter. It is mentioned that the total number of the Palestinians of Syria in Lebanon is about 51300 refugees and the big number left to Syria on two main waves the first was on August 2012 after the Jaouna Street massacre at Yarmouk and the second wave was after the strike on Abdulqader mosque on December 2012 most of them didn't return back specially after the intensifying procedures of entry to Lebanon.

Numbers and Statistics till 13/5/2015

- At least 27933 Palestinian Syrian refugees have reached Europe during the last 4 years.
- The Yarmouk Camp: Siege, imposed by the Regular Army and PFGC, continued for 685 days respectively. In addition, power cuts continued for more than 755 days, water was cut for 245 days respectively. The number of victims due to the siege has reached to 177 victims.
- 80,000 Palestinian Syrian refugees escaped from Syria to the neighboring towns, including 10,687 refugees in Jordan, 51,300 in



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Lebanon and 6,000 refugees in Egypt, according to UNRWA statistics till February 2015.

- Al Husseiniya Camp: Regular Army is still preventing the residents of the camp to return back to their houses for 566 days respectively.
- Al Sheina Camp: Regular Army is still preventing the residents of the camp to return back to their houses for 547 days respectively.
- Handarat Camp: Residents have left the camp for 749 days after the Syrian Opposition Groups controlled it.
- Dara'a Camp: It is now almost 392 days without water and 70% of its buildings were demolished.
- Jermana, AL Saieda ZAinab, Al Raml, Al Aedein Camps in Homs and Hamma: A relatively quiet situation in light of the economic crises.
- Khan Al Sheih Camp: Roads linking the camp to the city center are still closed except for Zakia- Khan Al Sheih road.