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التقرير اليومي

الخاص بأوضاع اللاجئين الفلسطينيين في سورية

Daily report on the situation of Palestinian refugees in Syria



"92 Palestinians Cold-Bloodedly Executed in Syria"

- Palestinian Newborn Needs Urgent Treatment in Lebanon
- Denmark Grants Palestinians from Syria Political Asylum
- Free Medical Day Held in Syria's Daraa Camp for Palestinian Refugees



Latest Developments

92 Palestinian refugees have been subjected to extra-judicial executions since the outburst of Syria's warfare until July 16, 2019, according to AGPS data.

The list includes 17 members of the Palestine Liberation Army who were killed just one month after they were kidnapped in mid-2012 on their way back home to AlNeirab Camp in Aleppo from a military site in Mesyaf.



Daraa Camp topped the list with 19 casualties, followed by Aleppo and Yarmouk Camp, with 18 victims each. Eight Palestinians were, meanwhile, executed in AlTadhamun neighborhood in Rif Dimashq, five in AlHusainiya Camp, two in AlSayeda Zeinab Camp, one refugee in AlAyedeen Camp in Hama, and another in Khan Eshieh Camp.

In another development, a displaced Palestinian family who fled Yarmouk Camp, in Damascus, to Wadi AlZina, in Lebanon's southern city of Sidon, have appealed to the International Red Cross and Red Crescent organizations along with the Palestine Liberation Organization and humanitarian institutions to work on



securing treatment fees for their premature newborn Lin Samer Abdul Al.

The family said medics at AlRa'i Hospital in Sidon urgently transferred their eight-month-old toddler to the neonatal intensive care unit where she has been lying in an infant incubator.



They added that UNRWA has shelled out 60% of the treatment fees, estimated at over \$6,600. The father managed to secure another \$1,500.

Nearly 28,000 Palestinian refugees from Syria have sought shelter in Lebanon, where they have been subjected to a precarious legal status and dire socio-economic conditions owing to their lack of access to vital services, particularly health care.

Meanwhile, the Danish Immigration Service announced its decision to provide Palestinians from Syria with political asylum rather than humanitarian asylum, on conditions that they carry UNRWA registration cards or other documents proving that they are recognized as Palestinian refugees by UNRWA.



A Palestinian who fled Syria to Denmark told AGPS that refugees seeking to renew their visas are forced by the Danish authorities to sign a document in which he/she pledges to return to the homeland as soon as warfare is brought to a halt.

The refugee said the asylum applications submitted by the Palestinians from Syria have been reconsidered after the latter filed complaints in which they said they cannot return to their countries of origin and face strict conditions as they are categorized as "stateless".

The Danish Immigration Service decided on August 29 to renew asylum applications filed by migrants from UNRWA's following fields of operations: Syria, Lebanon, Jordan, the Gaza Strip, and the West Bank.

One of the following three types of visas is often granted in Denmark: political asylum, humanitarian asylum, and temporary protection. The latter is valid for one renewable year and its holder becomes entitled to family reunification only after three years.

Over recent years, successive right-wing governments in Denmark backed up by the far right-wing Danish People's Party have opted for anti-migration policies.

Meanwhile, free checks-ups were carried out by AlBirr Charity in Daraa Camp for Palestinian refugees as part of a medical day staged by a group of pediatricians, orthopedists, gynecologists, and general practitioners.

Dozens of patients reportedly received free medical prescriptions and medicines.



Daraa Camp for Palestinian refugees has been grappling with abject conditions as a result of the military operation launched by the Syrian government forces in mid-June 2018 using internationally-prohibited weapons, in an attempt to recapture the area. 80% of civilian homes and property were destroyed.

Soon after the Syrian government recaptured the camp, civilians appealed to the Palestinian Authority, Palestine Liberation Organization, and UNRWA to urgently step in and work on securing life-saving medicines and foodstuff urgently needed in the area.

