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## التقرير اليومي

## الخاص بأوضاع اللاجئين الفلسطينيين في سورية

Daily report on the situation of Palestinian refugees in Syria



"ISIS's cell in Inkhil claims its responsibility of the organization and Al-Nusra's assassination of activists in Yarmouk camp"

- Palestine Liberation Organization to distribute 1500 pieces of bread to the residents of Yarmouk camp
- Migration of teachers and people with high qualifications aggravated the suffering of students in Neirab camp
- In numbers... AGPS reveals the number of Palestinian-Syrian victims who died in the first half of 2017
- Turkish guards save dozens of immigrants from Syria who tried to reach Greece



## **Latest Developments**

Exclusive sources within the armed Syrian opposition groups revealed to AGPS's reporter that "Salah Qutaish," a member of ISIS's cell, which was arrested in Inkhil, Deraa, acknowledged the responsibility of calling for and supporting the assassinations of activists in the Yarmouk refugee camp in Damascus.

The sources confirmed that "Qutaish" revealed the assassinator of the Palestinian activist "Yehia Abdallah Horany" Abu Sohaib, whose name is "Abu Amer Mansour," previously a member of Al-Nusra Front and currently in the ranks of ISIS. He is now present in Yarmouk camp.



The Mujahideen Horan brigade, one of the armed opposition groups in Syria, announced, yesterday, the arrest of three members of ISIS in south Damascus, on the outskirts of the city of Inkhil in Deraa, holding explosive belts and pistols.

The Group added that all of "Salah Qutaish," known as "Abu Aly," "Wessam Shehada Al-Khedr," known as Abu Nasser Al-Bahtary, along with his brother "Alaa Shehada Al-Khedr," tried to sneak into



the city of Inkhil. After they were seen, they tried to escape, but the members of the Mujahideen Horan brigade's checkpoint opened fire leading to the injury of Qutaish.

On how the cell had moved from the areas of ISIS's control in the south of Damascus to Deraa, the media representative of Mujahideen Horan said that members of the cell confessed after their interrogation that facilitating their exit from south Damascus until reaching the seam zone between Deraa and Damascus, came through the agreement with the regime forces that works to take them out in small groups, to ease their access to the area of Deraa, in return for carrying out acts of sabotage in the liberated area and handing them over to the regime forces, according to their confession.

Our correspondent quoted sources from south Damascus that "Salah Qutaish" and those who were with him, were present in the areas under ISIS's control in south Damascus, a few days ago and that he was in conflict with the current leader of ISIS, "Abu Ezz".

On their part, Palestinian and Syrian activists accused the Syrian regime of supporting ISIS in south Damascus and facilitating its movement in the region, pointing out that the Syrian regime had treated the wounded members of ISIS in the capital's hospitals during the events.

ISIS had taken control of Yarmouk camp in April 2015, with the support of Al-Nusra Front, or currently known as Tahrir Al-Sham.



In the meantime, the Palestine Liberation Organization entered 1500 pieces of bread into the south of Damascus, the day before yesterday, with the aim of distributing them to the residents of Yarmouk camp that are registered with the organization and the residents of the towns of Yelda, Babilla and Beit Sahm.

This move comes under the strict siege imposed on Yarmouk camp by the Syrian regime, which closed a few days ago the barrier of Sidi Mekdad, after the Syrian opposition forces opened Al-Orouba crossing, separating between Yarmouk camp and Yelda, for the civilians living in the camp. The regime had given the opposition groups in the south of Damascus, the choice of opening the Yarmouk crossing or closing the Babilla-Sidi Mekdad barrier.

In addition, a number of activists and residents of Yarmouk camp called on the PLO to work on finding a solution to their suffering and not limiting its role on the poor relief level, as they put it, noting that the PLO can play an important political role in alleviating the suffering of 3000 besieged residents of Yarmouk camp.

Moreover, AGPS confirmed in its documentary report, issued in early October, titled "The Palestinian-Syrian student... reality and outcome," that the educational process inside the camp was affected after the migration of a number of teachers, who were of high qualifications and the suffering of the student has increased as a result of the economic deterioration of the families inside the camp, in addition to the high cost of education in a difficult financial situation, after the family heads lost their jobs.



Palestinian students in UNRWA's schools in Aleppo, suffered during the first half of the academic year 2016-2017 because of the severe cold during the months of winter, due to the lack of heating materials in their schools. The students' parents and a number of activists added that the heaters in the classrooms are empty of diesel "mazut" and that their children are finding it difficult to continue their schooling because of the cold and low temperatures.



The educational process in Syria deteriorated because of the war raging in it for nearly six years. UNICEF's statistics revealed that almost 2 million Syrian children have not enrolled in schools.

In another context, AGPS's 15th statistical documentation report that was published in August 2017, stated that 102 Palestinian refugees died during the first half of 2017.

The Action Group noted that the first half of 2017 saw a relative decrease in the number of victims among the Palestinian refugees in Syria. The number of victims reached 102, including 69 military



men who died during the fighting between the two sides of the conflict in Syria.

The largest number of victims in the first six months of the year was recorded in February, where 28 refugees died, followed by March and May, in which 18 refugees died consecutively in different areas of Syria. 14 refugees died in June.

The monitoring results carried out by the Documentation Team in the Action Group, showed that 31 Palestinian refugees of 102 died during the first half of 2017 in Deraa, due to the intensified clashes which were initiated by the Syrian regime, to take control of the south of Syria, while 22 people died in Damascus and 20 refugees died in its suburbs.

The statistical report also revealed that 27 Palestinian refugees died in the Palestinian gatherings and camps, of which 18 were in Yarmouk camp, which is under a dual siege, by the Syrian regime and its affiliated committees from the outside and ISIS on the inside. The clashes and bombardments are ongoing on several axes.

AGPS had released its 15th statistical documentation report in August 2017, which included the total statistics of the victims, detainees, missing persons and displaced Palestinians, since the crisis in Syria began in March 2011 and until June 2017, through three main chapters and several topics.

In another context, the Turkish coast guards rescued 22 migrants from Syria on a rubber boat, on the opposite of the Turkish



coastal city of Bodrum, while they were "illegally" on their way to the Greek island of Kos, the day before yesterday.

The Turkish coast guards stopped 24 refugees from Syria, including a Palestinian, on a rubber boat at the Fathiya Bay, off the Aegean Sea, on their way to the Greek Islands. They were returned to the Bodrum Harbor and were subjected to medical examinations before being handed over to the competent authorities.

Thousands of Palestinian refugees are anticipating a chance to reach Europe, to flee the ongoing war in Syria and put an end to their suffering due to their displacement in the countries adjacent to Syria. According to AGPS, 50 Palestinian-Syrian refugees died after drowning on route to the European countries.



## Palestinians of Syria: November 16, 2017 Statistics:

- The total number of victims documented by the Action Group is 3610, including 463 women
- 1642 Palestinians are locked up behind Syrian government's bars, 105 of which are women

- Yarmouk refugee camp is under the Syrian regime army and Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine's siege for 1,583 days in a row
- 203 refugees, mainly in Yarmouk Camp, have died due to lack of medical care and malnutrition
- Water supplies have been cut off Deraa Camp for 1320 days,
  and 1160 days in Yarmouk Camp
- Residents of Handarat Camp, in Aleppo have been banned from their homes for 1,656 days. Government troops have taken over the camp for more than 419 days.
- Approximately 85 thousand Palestinian-Syrian refugees fled to Europe by the end of 2016
- 31 thousand refugees are located in Lebanon
- 17 thousand refugees are sheltered in Jordan
- 6 thousand refugees are in Egypt
- 8 thousand refugees are staying in Turkey
- One thousand refugees are present in Gaza