



التقرير اليومي الخاص بأوضاع اللاجئين الفلسطينيين في سورية

Daily report on the situation of Palestinian refugees in Syria

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"Activists and Residents of Sbeina Camp Demand to Return to their Camp after Allowing Gradual Return to Husseneia Camp"



- Shelling at Hamdaneia Neighborhood which Inhabited with a Number of Palestinian Refugees
- Food Aid Distribution to Palestinians in Aleppo City
- Residents of Khan Dannon Camp Complain of Power Cut for Long Periods up to 16 Hours Per Day
- Residents of Ramdan Camp complain of Stifling Living Conditions, Instability, and Insecure
- Palestinian Syrians in Turkey Suffer of Dire Living Conditions
- The AGPS Documents 943 Palestinian Detainees and 411 Victims Died due to Torture in the Prisons of the Syrian Regime

Email: Reports@actionpal.org

Mobile: 00447447423737

Phone: 00442084530919 00442084530994



Recent Updates

Activists, residents, and dignitaries of Sbeina camp demand to return to their camp after the Syrian regime allow the return of some Palestinian families to Husseneia camp.

A number of activists of Sbeina camp hold the Syrian government and the Palestinian factions responsibility for the continuation of their tragedy and suffering as a result of the continued prevention from returning to their property and homes which they were forced to leave because of violent clashes between the regular army and armed opposition groups which ended with the regular army full control over the camp since 7-11-2013.



Sbeina camp

Activists demanded the Syrian authorities to repair infrastructure in the camp, and to provide basic services in preparation for the return of camp's residents to their homes.

Meanwhile, a number of shells targeted Hamdania neighborhood in Aleppo, which inhabited with a number of Palestinian families, and



resulted in a state of panic for fear of repeating the shelling. Some Palestinian refugees escaped the shelling as they passed in the streets of Hamdania during the shelling.

In a different context, Charity Organization distributed food aid provided by the Syrian Red Crescent to Palestinian families residing in the city of Aleppo and Hndarat people who were displaced from their camp to the city.

The Palestinian refugees in Aleppo suffer from difficult living conditions due to the continuation of war and the spread of unemployment among them, the lack of financial resources, high food prices, high houses' rent, security situation tension, and the continued shells and casualties among them.

In Damascus suburb, residents of Khan Dannon camp suffer of miserable living conditions as a result of the lack of basic services, bread shortage, and the continuation of electricity, water, and telecommunications cut for long periods up to more than 16 hours a day.

Moreover, unemployment spread among them due to security tensions in the surroundings, making aid provided by relief authorities is the only source for them to secure their basic needs.

Meanwhile, areas adjacent to Ramdan camp, which is located approximately 50 km south-east of the city of Damascus and 9 km away from Dameir city, are witnessing a major security tension reflected on its residents who complain of lack of stability, security and safety, because of the continued clashes and exchange bombardment between the regular army and groups of the Syrian opposition.



In addition, they also suffer of severe living crises, mainly unemployment and lack of food, medicines, and fuel, and the high cost price.



Ramdan camp

Turkey

Palestinian Syrian refugees, who fled the horrors of war to Turkey, suffer of a number of difficulties and obstacles which formed them harsh and difficult life, including the spread of unemployment, the difficulty of learning the Turkish language in order to communicate with the Turkish people, and the spread of employment after the migration of thousands of Syrian refugees to Turkey which reduced jobs.

Some employers take advantage of their workers by long working hours and a few wages that is not commensurate with the working hours, in addition to the requirement of residency before work, rising food prices, and rent houses.



A number of families live in warehouses and others live in shared residential compounds, while others live in shared tents in very bad conditions.

Within the latest figures of Palestinian Syrian refugees, according to unofficial and approximate statistics, the number is estimated with 3000-5000 people living in the three major provinces of "Istanbul," "Gaziantep," and "Hatay" or so-called "Antioch".



The house of one of the refugees in turkey

Statistics

The AGPS documented 943 Palestinian prisoners in Syrian jails since the start of war events, where highest percentage of Palestinian prisoners was recorded in Damascus within the Syrian governorates and reached 363 detainees, 195 detainees in Homs province, in Aleppo 116, Latakia 81, Hama 51, Daraa 46, and 93 unknown detainees.

Meanwhile, the highest percentage of Palestinian prisoners among the Palestinian camps was recorded in Alaedein camp in Homs, as the



numbers close to 174, in the Yarmouk refugee camp 125 detainees, in Khan Al Shieh camp 95 detainees, including a child, a woman, elderly, brothers, fathers, sons, and entire families, while they faced all kinds such as, Shabeh, electric shock, rape, beatings, and killings.

Moreover, the AGPS documented 411 victims died under torture in the prisons of the Syrian regime, at a time where hundreds of Palestinian detainees still unaccounted for.

Numbers and Statistics till 17/8/2015

- *15,500 Palestinian Syrian refugees in Jordan, 45,000 Palestinian Syrian refugees in Lebanon, and 6,000 refugees in Egypt, according to the UNRWA's statistics till July 2015.*
- *At least 36,000 Palestinian Syrian refugees have reached Europe during the last 4 years.*
- *The Yarmouk Camp: - Siege, imposed by the Regular Army and PFGC, continued for 776 days respectively. In addition, power cuts continued for more than 845 days, water was cut for 335 days respectively. The number of victims due to the siege has reached to 180 victims.*
- *Al Sbeina Camp: - Regular Army is still preventing the residents of the camp to return back to their houses for 638 days respectively.*
- *Handarat Camp: - Residents have left the camp for 839 days after the Syrian Opposition Groups controlled it.*
- *Dara'a Camp: - It is now almost 483 days without water and 70% of its buildings were demolished.*



- *Jarmana, AL Saieda ZAINAB, Al Raml, Al Aedein Camps in Homs and Hamma: - A relatively quiet situation in light of the economic crises.*
- *Khan Al Sheih Camp: - Roads linking the camp to the city center are still closed except for Zakia- Khan Al Shieh road.*