



التقرير اليومي الخاص بأوضاع اللاجئين الفلسطينيين في سورية

Daily report on the situation of Palestinian refugees in Syria

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"Residents of Yarmouk in Babila Organize a Festival in Solidarity with Al-Aqsa Mosque after ISIS Controlled their Camp"



- A Palestinian Refugee Dies Due to Torture in the Prisons of the Syrian Regime
- A Palestinian Refugee from Al-Raml Camp Dies while Fighting alongside the Syrian Regime
- The Syrian Regime Prevents Residents of Sbeina from Returning to their Houses, and the Armed Opposition Prevents Residents of Handarat from Returning to their Houses
- The Turkish Cost Guards Rescue and Arrest more than 536 Immigrants during the Past Three Days

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Victims

The Palestinian Refugee Ramez Al-Saed, from AL-Waar neighborhood in Homs, died due to torture in the prisons of the Syrian regime.



Meanwhile, the Palestinian young man Ahmed Eshtiwi, from Al-Raml camp in Latakia, died while fighting alongside the Syrian Army at Homs.

Recent Updates

Palestinian bodies and institutions and the displaced people of Yarmouk, who left after ISIS imposed control on their camp early last April, organized a public festival in support of Al-Aqsa Mosque. The festival was attended by crowd of people of Yarmouk and the region, where they expressed anger and criticized the silence of Arab and Islamic nation about the violations against Al-Aqsa and Jerusalem.

It is worth mentioning that a large part of those remaining residents of the Yarmouk refugee camp had fled after the control of ISIS and Al-Nusra Front who were inside the camp, where members of ISIS executed a number of residents and threatened Palestinian activists inside the camp, prompting most of them to flee to neighboring areas.



Meanwhile, the Syrian army and the PFGC are still imposing tight siege on the camp for (809) days respectively, in light of power cuts for more than (879) days, and water cuts for 369 days, as well as they prevent the entry of food and medical aid and prevent the return of residents to their homes.

On the other hand, the regular army and some Palestinian groups continue to prevent people of Sbeineh camp to return to their homes for (671) days after being forced to leave because of violent clashes that broke out between the regular army and groups of armed opposition, which ended with the regular army full control on the camp.

Eyewitness estimate that more than 80% of the camp's buildings were completely demolished, specifically from Maaz bin Jabal mosque till the camp's bakery, which is known as Al-Akrad bakery, which forms the western entrance of the camp.

The residents have fled to neighboring towns and camps, to bring them into a new displacement and a new suffering, not only for leaving their homes, but also it included all of their lives, which turned into a tragedy



because of the economic conditions, the spread of unemployment, and poor financial resources.

In a related context, the suffering of Palestinian refugees, who fled from Handarat camp 872 days ago, where they were displaced from their homes after the Syrian armed opposition control of the camp, is still continue.

Residents of the camp are facing harsh living conditions especially because of displacement, where most of them were forced to live within schools and shelters, as it increased after they were asked to vacate the ninth unit of the university city of Aleppo, adding to their misery and suffering.

Handarat camp and adjacent areas are still being bombed, and suffering of violent clashes between the Syrian armed opposition groups on the one hand and the regular army and al-Quds Brigade loyal to the Syrian army on the other hand, where the regular army is trying to impose its control over the camp, which is a strategic point for him. The opposition groups are seeking to advance towards the town of Handarat and the central prison of Aleppo.

Turkey

Anatolia Agency reported that the Turkish Coast Guards stopped over the past 72 hours 536 illegal immigrants, mostly from Syria were on board the ships to take them to Greece and Italy, as 52 refugees from Syria and



Afghanistan were rescued in the Aegean Sea which separates Turkey from Greece.



In details, the agency said that the Coast Guard rescued 52 migrants from Syria and Afghanistan were stuck at sea after their rubber boat sank in the Aegean Sea, and arrested 112 immigrants from Syria who were aboard rubber boats in an attempt to go to the Greek islands, illegally.

Moreover, Coast Guards arrested 164 illegal immigrants off Averjak coastal line, Jendaq Castel State, West of Turkey, while they were trying to head to Medlly, the Greek Island.

The agency added that Coast Guards also detained a ship, sheltering 260 refugees from Syria off Manafghat shores, Antala State, south of the country Wednesday evening. They were attempting to illegally enter Italy.

The agency noted that three boats for Coast Guards forced the ship to dock after it had refused to respond to their warning.

It is noteworthy that Turkey is considered one of the most ports of illegal immigration towards the European countries, while thousands of Palestinian and Syrian refugees went through it towards Greece and Italy.



Numbers and Statistics till 19/9/2015

- *15,500 Palestinian Syrian refugees in Jordan, 45,000 Palestinian Syrian refugees in Lebanon, and 6,000 refugees in Egypt, according to the UNRWA's statistics till July 2015.*
- *At least 36,000 Palestinian Syrian refugees have reached Europe during the last 4 years.*
- *The Yarmouk Camp: - Siege, imposed by the Regular Army and PFGC, continued for 809 days respectively. In addition, power cuts continued for more than 879 days, water was cut for 369 days respectively. The number of victims due to the siege has reached to 180 victims.*
- *Al Sbeina Camp: - Regular Army is still preventing the residents of the camp to return back to their houses for 671 days respectively.*
- *Handarat Camp: - Residents have left the camp for 872 days after the Syrian Opposition Groups controlled it.*
- *Dara'a Camp: - It is now almost 516 days without water and 70% of its buildings were demolished.*
- *Jarmana, AL Saieda Zainab, Al Raml, Al Aedein Camps in Homs and Hamma: - A relatively quiet situation in light of the economic crises.*
- *Khan Al Sheih Camp: - Roads linking the camp to the city center are still closed except for Zakia- Khan Al Shieh road.*