

التقرير اليومي الخاص بأوضاع اللاجئين الفلسطينيين في سورية

Daily report on the situation of Palestinian refugees in Syria

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"Palestinian Enfant Dies Due to the Yarmouk Siege, and Two Palestinians Died Due to Torture"



- 20.000 Besieged Civilians in the Yarmouk Camp are without Water for 134 days.
- Continuous Displacement for 637 days from Handarat Camp in Aleppo.
- UNRWA Distributes Financial Aids to the Palestinian Refugees in Aleppo.
- Egyptian Authorities Continue Detaining Palestinian Refugees since November 2014.
- Al Wafaa European Campaign Opens a Charitable kitchen for the Palestinian Refugees in Cyprus.
- Activists are calling for a Popular Mobilization Entitled "Save Palestinians of Syria".

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Victims

A newborn baby from "Shihabi" family died due to the lack of medical supplies and devices, because of the siege imposed by the Syrian army and the Palestinian groups at the Yarmouk for(564) days, rising the siege victims toll to (161) victims who were died because of starvation and lack of medical care, coincides with the prevalence of hunger in the Yarmouk camp.

The AGPS received news about the death of "Ahmed Hossam Amaira", a student at Damascus University, who was killed due to torture in the Syrian prisons; he is a resident of Haifa Street in the Yarmouk refugee camp, and his family reported about his death, though, in some cases, the Syrian security services contact with the families of the detainees to inform them about their relative's death, then, another sources assure that he is still alive.



Ahmed Hossam Amaira

There were also news about the death of the young man "Bassam Mohammed Makhlouf," from Rokn Al Dein compound in Damascus, as he was killed due to torture in the prisons of the Syrian regime after being arrested for about 3 years.

Thus, the toll of the Palestinian refugees who died in the Syrian prisons has reached to (289) victims, according to the AGPS, which documented the names of 745 Palestinian prisoners in the Syrian prisons, with no details about them or about the place of detention.



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Recent Updates

The water cuts in the Yarmouk camp for 134 days respectively, as 20,000 besieged civilians inside the Yarmouk camp are suffering of great difficulties in securing the minimum needs of water, forcing them to walk and wait for long periods in order to have some liters of drinking water.

Coincided with a severe shortage of food, prompting many of them to search for food for their children in the streets and the remains, while the price of a kilogram of grass has reached approximately (\$ 5). Meanwhile, the regular army and groups of the PFGC impose a strict siege on the camp for about (564) days respectively, resulted in the death of (161) refugees because of malnutrition and medical care shortage.



Yarmouk camp

In Aleppo, the residents of Handarat camp are still displaced for (637) days respectively, after the Syrian armed opposition factions controlled the camp, that was established in 1962 on a rocky plateau and overlooking at the city of Aleppo, and connecting between Aleppo and its suburb, granting the camp a strategic importance, to turn into a Square during the events, as the war parties of Syria compete on it, till the Syrian armed opposition factions took its control.

Before this competition, the camp was exposed to bombing by the armed opposition groups, resulted in civilian casualties, and after its control of



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the camp, the Syrian warplanes bombed the camp with explosive barrels and mortars, resulted in a mass destruction in the properties and houses.

The entry of the opposition factions to the camp has led to the migration of its residents on 27/04/2013, and they resorted to safer areas, but the new Asylum brought them in stifling living crises; such as rent houses, high prices of materials, the lack of financial resources, and the spread of unemployment, prompting some of them to work with the so-called "al-Quds Brigade," the pro-Syrian army and to engage in the war, or to migrate towards neighboring countries and European countries.

Turning to Al Nairab camp in Aleppo, where UNRWA began offering financial aid to the Palestinian refugees of Neirab and Handarat camps, and the Palestinians residing in the city of Aleppo, which is about 12,000 SL, (\$ 65) for each member of the family. The aids will be received from Al Haram Office in Aleppo after the submission of the necessary supporting documents.

In Cairo, Egypt, the Egyptian authorities continue to arrest "56" Palestinian refugees from Syria, after detaining them while trying to reach Italy from Turkish beaches in 25th of the last month.

The refugees were victims to a scam by smugglers who left them on an islands off the Egyptian shores, where Egyptian authorities arrested them, while the Egyptian security released all Syrians detainees and continue detention of "56" Palestinians, after all the surrounding countries refused to receive them.

The refugees' choice was between deporting to Syria or staying in prison, so the refugees renewed their appeal to all human rights and international bodies to urgently and immediately intervene to release them and alleviate their suffering.

On the other hand, Al Wafaa European campaign opened a kitchen in Cyprus named "Al Wafaa Charitable Kitchen", made for Palestinian refugees in Cyprus and equipped with all kitchen supplies and raw materials to start distributing food to the refugees.

Furthermore, 200 Palestinian refugees launched a distress calls after the deterioration of living and economic conditions, after the Cypriot authorities stopped its services provided to refugees in "Burnara" camp.



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It is noted that, on 26th of September 2014, the Cypriot Navy withdraw a boat was carrying 345 Palestinian and Syrian refugees on their way to Italy, and forced them to leave their finger prints, and placed them in asylum camp, provided them with food and drink, and given them a period of time to complete the resort procedures or to close the camp. After the refugees refused to complete the resort procedures in Cyprus, in order to reach European asylum countries, the Cypriot authorities stopped the services provided to them.



Palestinian refugee camps in Cyprus

In a related context, a number of Palestinian activists announced the start of support mobility for the Palestinians of Syria entitled" Save Palestinians of Syria", as the mobility called, on its Facebook, for a demonstrations, sit-ins, and vigils wherever the Palestinians are, so as to highlight the suffering of the Palestinians of Syria.

The Mobility pointed out that the beginning of the proposed activities will be launched from Berlin in Germany, through carrying out a mass vigil in Solidarity with the Palestinian refugee camps in Syria, on Saturday,24th of January at 12:00 PM.

As the movement emphasized a series of demands, which are:

- 1. Neutrality of all Palestinian refugees in Syria of the civil war.
- 2. Find a humanitarian corridor under international protection.
- 3. Release all Palestinian prisoners in Syria.



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- 4. Immediate delivery of relief supplies, especially food and medicine.
- 5. Resumption of water and electricity supplies.

It is worth mentioning that the number of Palestinian Syrian refugee victims, who died during the ongoing war in Syria, has reached "2606" victims, according to the AGPS statistics.

The Palestinian Camps in Syria, Numbers and Statistics till 19/1/2015

- At least 27933 Palestinian Syrian refugees have reached Europe during the last 4 years.
- 2606 Palestinian refugees were documented by the AGPS including 157 women, 286 were killed due to torture, 267 were killed by sniper shot, 84 refugees were field executed, and 986 refugees were killed due to bombing.
- The Yarmouk Camp: Siege, imposed by the Regular Army and PFGC, continued for 564 days respectively. In addition, power cuts continued for more than 644 days, water was cut for 134 days respectively. The number of victims due to the siege has reached 161 victims.
- 80,000 Palestinian Syrian refugees escaped from Syria to the neighboring towns, including 14348 refugees in Jordan, 42,000 in Lebanon, according to UNRWA statistics till November 2014.
- Al Husayneyya Camp: Regular Army is still preventing the residents of the camp to return back to their houses for 466 days respectively.
- Al Sheina Camp: Regular Army is still preventing the residents of the camp to return back to their houses for 435 days respectively.
- Handarat Camp: Residents have left the camp for 637 days after the Syrian Opposition Groups controlled it.
- Dara'a Camp: It is now almost 281 days without water and 70% of its buildings were demolished.
- Jermana, AL SaiedaZAinab, Al Raml, Al Aedein Ca mps in Homs and Hamma: A relatively quiet situation in light of the economic crises.
- Khan Al Sheih Camp: Roads linking the camp to the city center are still closed except for Zakia- Khan Al Sheih road.