



التقرير اليومي الخاص بأوضاع اللاجئين الفلسطينيين في سورية

Daily report on the situation of Palestinian refugees in Syria

TUESDAY 21-10-2014 NO.718

“ISIS Arrests Two Palestinian Refugees in Aleppo”



- A Palestinian refugee was killed in Joubar neighborhood in Damascus.
- Palestinian refugees from the Yarmouk Camp putting responsibility on the Syrian authority about water and power cut, and angry with the silence of the PLO and the Palestinian factions about their suffering.
- Bombing targets different parts of the Yarmouk Camp in Damascus.
- The Ministry of Education allows the besieged students in the Yarmouk camp to enroll the formal education.
- The Regular Army continues to prevent the residents of Alhusseneia camp from getting back to their homes for the 347 days respectively.
- UNRWA provides financial aids to Palestinian Syrian families and excludes thousands of them.

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Victims

The young man “Qusai Osama AL Salman” was killed due to clashes that broke out between the Regular Army and groups of the Opposition at Joubar area, which raised the number of Palestinian victims, which was documented by the Group, to 2525 victims.



Qusai Osama AL Salman

Recent Updates

Members of the Islamic State”ISIS” arrest two Palestinian refugees “Waleed Shreiteh” and his son “Mohammed” while they were heading to Turkey, without knowing the reasons. It is mentioned that the members of Daash asked the passengers who are holding the Palestinian nationality or those how are from Al Nairab Camp to get out of the bus and detained them. It is referred that Al Nairab Camp is controlled by the Syrian Regular Army.

In Damascus, bombing targeted different parts of the Yarmouk Camp with a number of shells resulted in no injuries. Meanwhile, the water cut is continuous for the 42nd days respectively under total absence of any Palestinian faction or official actions about the residents suffering about the risks resulting in the absence of water.



The young man refuge “Mohammed” expressed his anger about the ignorance of the authority, the factions, and the PLO about their suffering. Mohammed said to our correspondent” for how long the PLO will stay silence about our suffering?”

For his part, “Ali” confirmed that the solution of the water and power crisis is by the Syrian authority, since it controls the bumping of water and power in the camp, he also said that the state is responsible of bumping water to all adjacent area and if they want to bring back power and water to the camp, they would do it.



The bombing targeted Yarmouk Camp

On the other hand, the Ministry of Education agreed to allow Palestinian students, who are in the Yarmouk refugee camp and who could not complete their studies because of the siege, to complete their studies in accordance with special conditions relating to transition stage students to pass the examiner of their information, while students of preparatory and secondary schools are entitled to provide official exams as free students.

Meanwhile, the Regular Army and the Palestinian factions loyal to it continue to prevent the Palestinian refugees from Al Husseniya Camp to return back to their homes for the 374 days respectively, despite their full control of the camp. It is mentioned that the residents have left the camp after violent clashes between the Regular Army and groups of the Free Army.



In Lebanon, "UNRWA" fills ATM cards for the Palestinian refugees from Syria who had written down their information with the agency until 30th of June 2014, where the UNRWA had to stop cash assistance for hundreds of Palestinian families starting from October 2014.

The UNRWA explained that the census that was carried out by its staff was in order to collect data about the social and economic situation of each Palestinian refugee family displaced from Syria to Lebanon. The census concluded that the number has reached to "44000" refugees after it was, before the census, "51000" refugees. The UNRWA considered, in its statement, that 93.5% of them are eligible for cash assistance.

The Agency also noted that they informed the families who will be affected by the decision this week, where the evaluation process was based on internationally recognized criteria. UNRWA indicated that these civil standards only apply to cash assistance, and will not affect in any way the other services provided by the agency, including health and education services, which will continue for all Palestinian Syrian refugees who receiving it.

The Palestinian Camps in Syria, Numbers and Statistics:

- ***The Yarmouk Camp:*** - The Continuance of the siege by the Regular Army and PFGC for the **472** respectively in addition to the power cut for more than **555** days and the water cut for **42** days respectively. The number of the siege victims is **155** victims.
- ***Al Husayneyya Camp:*** - The Regular Army still prevents the residents of the camp to return back to their houses for the **374** days respectively.
- ***Al Sbeina Camp:*** - The Regular Army still prevents the residents of the camp to return back to their houses for the **343** days respectively.
- ***Handarat Camp:*** - The residents left the camp since **543** days after the Syrian Opposition Groups controlled the camp.
- ***Dara'a Camp:*** - Almost **189** days without water and a complete absence of basic services.
- ***Khan Al Sheih Camp:*** - the roads that linking the camp to the city center are still closed except for the Zakia road.
- ***Khan Danoun Camp:*** - economic crises continue, specially the unemployment and the high prices.



- ***Al Nairab Camp:*** - *the power is still cut for more than a year.*
- ***Jermana, AL Saieda Zainab, Al Raml, Al Aedein Camps in Homs and Hamma:*** - *relative calm situation in light of the economic crises.*