



التقرير اليومي الخاص بأوضاع اللاجئين الفلسطينيين في سورية

Daily report on the situation of Palestinian refugees in Syria

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NO.1144

"Infant Baby from Khan Esheh Camp dies of suffocation due to firewood stove"



- AGPS: we have documented (1018) arrest and enforced disappearance cases in Syria.
- Al-Wafaa European Campaign distributes aid in Bekaa and Baalbeck Lebanon.
- Euromed Observer issues report about Swedish dealing with asylum seekers from Syria.

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Victims

"Rahaf Hussein Abu Sitta" baby girl of 4-months-old died of suffocation due to firewood smoke in Khan Esheh refugee's camp in Damascus Suburb.

It is noteworthy that the non-availability of fuel, and power outages for long periods of time forced people to reuse wood stoves despite the health risks.

The regime's army continues to close all roads connecting the camp to Damascus City, which led to bad living conditions and humanitarian crises suffered by the people of the camp.

Recent Update

The monitoring and documentation team of the AGPS managed to document (1018) arrest and enforced disappearance cases affected the Palestinian-Syrian refugees from different Palestinian camps in Syria.

The AGPS believes that the real number is more than that, as the expected number could be more than 1,500 detainees. The security situation and fear about the fate of their children prevent parents from announcing the arrest of their children. It is worth mentioning that 426 Palestinian refugees had died under torture in prisons of the Syrian regime, after being detained for various periods.

On another subject, the Euro-Mediterranean Observer for Human Rights, issued the day before yesterday, detailed report on Sweden dealing with the asylum seekers from Syria, according to the Euro-Med: "The refugees



disaster is the worst in the world over the past years, which started with the beginning of the crisis in Syria in 2011, and escalated remarkably during the year 2015, especially through its impact in Europe through the flow of refugees to the European continent by sea or by land, the European countries have become in serious examination of their asylum system and their limits of humanitarian dealing with the crisis and adaptability to the challenges in line with human rights".



The Euro-Mediterranean report, which was titled "Under the Microscope: Sweden' Dealing with Crisis of Syrian Asylum Seekers" pointed out that since Sweden decided in 2013 to grant all refugees from Syria permanent residence permits (this changed lately in 2015), it bore the burden of granting this type of residence permits on Europe level after Serbia and Germany. Since the beginning of the crisis, Sweden received 103.630 asylum applications as 15% of the total refugees who arrived from Syria to Europe over the past four years.

The report which will be discussed in the European Parliament, concluded that, despite the presence of some of the problems experienced



by the Swedish asylum system, and the need for improvements and modifications in order to provide better protection to refugees fleeing atrocities in Syria, especially after the recent modifications, the Swedish model in dealing with the crisis still could be adopted, at least partially, by other European countries, especially those countries that did not perform any effective contributions to deal with this global humanitarian disaster.

CIVIL SOCIETY WORKS

As part of "Together for Warm Winter Project", which was launched by Al-Wafaa European Campaign, aid distribution has been done to Palestinian-Syrian families displaced to areas of Baalbek and Bekaa in Lebanon.



According to those in charge of the campaign; stoves and diesel fuel and blankets in addition to clothes and toys were distributed to the families that suffer from very poor conditions, as economic conditions had forced



most of these families to live inside tents which do not protect from winters cold.

It is noteworthy that about 45,000 Palestinian-Syrians have fled to Lebanon due to the war in Syria, but there, they are suffering from bad economic and legal status, due to the difficulties they face in obtaining work and residence permits.

Palestinians of Syria in numbers and statistics until 20 December 2015

- *15500 Palestinian Syrian refugees in Jordan, 45,000 Palestinian Syrian refugees in Lebanon, and 6,000 refugees in Egypt, according to the UNRWA's statistics till July 2015.*
- *More than 36,000 Palestinian Syrian refugees have arrived Europe during the last 4 years.*
- *The Yarmouk Camp: still under siege imposed by the Syrian Regime's Army and PFLP-GC (Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine – General Command), continued for 902 days respectively. In addition, power cuts continued for more than 972 days, water cut for 462 days. The number of victims due to the siege has reached to 184 victims .*
- *Al Sbeina Camp: Syrian Regime's Army still preventing the residents from returning back to their houses for 763 days respectively.*
- *Handarat Camp: All of its residents have left the camp for 964 days after the Syrian Opposition Groups controlled it.*



<http://www.facebook.com/ActGroup.PalSyria>

- *Dara'a Camp: Running water cut continues for 608 days, and 70% of its buildings were destroyed.*
- *Jarmana, AL Saieda Zainab, Al Raml, Al Aedein Homs and Aedein Hamma: A relatively quiet situations in light of the economic crises.*
- *Khan Al Sheih Camp: Roads linking the camp to the city center are still closed except for Zakia- Khan Al Shieh road.*