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التقرير اليومي

الخاص بأوضاع اللاجئين الفلسطينيين في سورية

Daily report on the situation of Palestinian refugees in Syria



"Violent bombardment targets the outskirts of Yarmouk camp and the Tadamon neighborhood"

- On charges of "apostasy": sources confirm the intention of ISIS in south Damascus to execute 4 of its members
- The regime forces raid the homes of the Palestinian refugees in Damascus and steals their money
- More than 20 injured on the Greek island of Mytilini, after violent fighting between the refugees



Latest Developments

The Action Group's correspondent in south Damascus said that a heavy bombardment with artillery and mortar shells, hit the Tadamon neighborhood and the outskirts of Yarmouk camp, (Palestine Street and the Martyrs sector), on Wednesday-Thursday night.

There was also a surge of smoke in Al-Hajar Al-Aswad, adjacent to the camp resulting from its targeting with a very heavy "elephant" land-to-land missile, whose damage was limited to material.



Our reporter added that the regime forces bombarded residential building in Al-Hajar Al-Aswad, the day before yesterday, as well as some buildings in Yarmouk camp with medium-14.5 caliber machine guns, and 23 mm caliber, heavy machine guns.

Yarmouk camp and the Tadamon neighborhood saw an elevation in the intensity of the bombardments and clashes, after members of ISIS launched a surprise attack on the Syrian regime's checkpoint in the Nisreen neighborhood on the 11th of December, in addition to taking control over a number of building blocks in the neighborhood.



In another context, exclusive sources close to ISIS told the Action Group of its intention to implement a death penalty on four of its members, on charges of apostasy, after getting arrested amid an escape attempt from Al-Hajar Al-Aswad, towards the Syrian regime's Bardy checkpoint.

The sources noted that sharp divisions arose between the leaders of ISIS over the arrest of the four members. The leader of ISIS, "Abu El-ezz Dahman," vowed to implement the death penalty during the coming week, on Friday, while "Abu Hesham Al-Khaboury" promised to release them and forcibly prevent the implementation of the death penalty if necessary, because of the relationship with them.

This comes amid the emergence of sharp divisions and differences in the ranks of ISIS in Yarmouk camp and Al-Hajar Al-Aswad, since its members have been divided into three departments; the first department are from Al-Hajar Al-Aswad and are supporters of the former leader of ISIS, "Abu Hesham Al-Khaboury," the second group are from the Tadamon neighborhood and are supporters of the current leader, "Abu El-ezz Dahman" and the third group are from Yarmouk camp and are with the inauguration of a Palestinian from the camp, to be the leader of ISIS.

The "Spring Revolution" website confirmed that it received a copy of a paper publication that was thrown the day before yesterday, in a number of Yarmouk camp's streets, threatening to kill the current leader of ISIS, "Abu El-ezz Dahman," by the so-called "Osod Al-Khalafa in Yarmouk."



The recent past has seen the escape of a number of members of ISIS from Al-Hajar Al-Aswad in the south of Damascus, in coordination with the Syrian regime forces, to unknown destinations.

In the meantime, the Syrian regime forces raided the family home of a Palestinian-Syrian refugee in Damascus, under the pretext that he is required to enroll in the compulsory military service in the Palestine Liberation Army.



On his part, a member of the family, who refused to mention his name and the place in which the incident occurred for security reasons and fear for his family, told the Action Group that the regime forces stormed into the family's house and searched it precisely, looking for his brother who is required to serve for the Palestine Liberation Army. he added that after the regime members left the house, his family discovered that 400 thousand Syrian pounds were stolen by the forces, from the wardrobe safe on which they keep their money.

Many violations are being committed by the Syrian regime forces against the civilians. It raids their houses and arrests them for weak excuses, none the less than searching for those required by the security authorities or for opposing the regime.



In another context, violent fighting broke out between the refugees in Moria camp, located on the Greek Island of Mytilini, on 20-12-2017, resulting in the injury of more than 20 refugees and the burning down of many refugee camps.

According to the refugees who witnessed the fighting, the problem occured over food, between an Arab refugee and a Pakistani one. The problem developed among the Arab refugees, including Palestinian and Syrian refugees, and the Pakistani refugees.

The problem escalated, resulting in the breaking of refugee caravans, the burning of tents and a powerful explosion by a gas canister.



The refugees said that the police intervened violently to end the clashes. A number of refugees were injured by the members of the police, while the refugees assured that there were no deaths. 15 of those injured were stabbed by knives during the fighting.

It is noteworthy that the intensity of refugee camps and the absence of sufficient space made their lives miserable and harsh. The Island of Lesbos has the highest number of refugees from among the other islands, with a population of 10,000 people. The refugees living on



the Greek islands are subjected to difficult living conditions, and the slow pace of procedure for their immigration or transfer to the Greek mainland.

Palestinians of Syria: December 21, 2017 Statistics:

- The total number of victims documented by the Action Group is 3625, including 463 women
- 1644 Palestinians are locked up behind Syrian government's bars, 106 of which are women
- Yarmouk refugee camp is under the Syrian regime army and Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine's siege for 1,618 days in a row
- 204 refugees, mainly in Yarmouk Camp, have died due to lack of medical care and malnutrition
- Water supplies have been cut off Deraa Camp for 1355 days, and 1195 days in Yarmouk Camp
- Residents of Handarat Camp, in Aleppo have been banned from their homes for 1,691 days. Government troops have taken over the camp for more than 454 days.
- Approximately 85 thousand Palestinian-Syrian refugees fled to Europe by the end of 2016
- 31 thousand refugees are located in Lebanon
- 17 thousand refugees are sheltered in Jordan
- 6 thousand refugees are in Egypt
- 8 thousand refugees are staying in Turkey
- One thousand refugees are present in Gaza