



التقرير اليومي الخاص بأوضاع اللاجئين الفلسطينيين في سورية

Daily report on the situation of Palestinian refugees in Syria

MONDAY 24-08-2015 NO.1025

"Shelling Targets Khan Al Shieh Camp, and Clashes at the Vicinity of Khan Dannon Camp"



- Two Palestinian Refugees Died due to Shelling at Damascus
- A Resident of Neirab Camp Died Due to Clashes at Ain al-Hilweh Camp
- A Shell Landed in Jaramana Area Causing a State of Tension among Residents
- Ein el-Hilweh Clashes Aggravate the Suffering of Palestinians of Syria in Lebanon
- The AGPS issued a Documentary Report Titled "The Yarmouk Siege has not Ended"
- UNRWA Confirms: 100.000 Palestinians from Syria Migrated

Email: Reports@actionpal.org

Mobile: 00447447423737

Phone: 00442084530919 00442084530994



Victims

The Palestinian refugee "Mohammed Ismail Nemer," from Damar neighborhood died following bombing that targeted Mezza neighborhood in Damascus.

"Rabea Ali Mash'hour" also died as a result of clashes at Ein al-Hilwa camp in Sidon southern Lebanon, noting that he is from Nairab camp, was displaced with his family to Lebanon since the beginning of events in Syria in 2011.

In addition, the Palestinian female refugee "Mona Fathi Mghari," from Daraa camp died as a result of a shell while she was in Damascus.



Rabea Ali Mash'hour

Recent Updates

Heavy artillery shelling targeted the vicinity of Al Huda Mosque, the main road, the vicinity of Al Salam hospital, and the Eastern lane in Khan Al Shieh camp in Damascus suburb yesterday, causing significant damage to buildings and property.



It is worth mentioning that the camp and its surroundings are being subjected to shelling repeatedly, which increased in the past few days, coinciding with continuation of the regular army closure of all roads linking between the camp and the center of the capital, Damascus except "Zakya - Khan Al Shieh."

Meanwhile, sporadic clashes broke out at Khan Dannon camp in the adjacent town of Tiba, between the Syrian armed opposition groups and the Syrian regular army.



Khan Dannon camp

However, residents of the camp live in a state of calm, and suffer from difficult living conditions, especially with the spread of unemployment and the high rents of houses.

In the meantime residents of Jaramana Camp, which is only eight kilometers from the Syrian capital of Damascus, and is located on the road to Damascus International Airport, live in a state of panic and terror due to sounds of powerful explosions rocked parts of the camp, turned out to be shelling at adjacent area.



They also suffer of drinking water and electricity cut for long periods, difficult economic conditions, widespread unemployment, rising food prices, and high cost of rental homes.



Jaramana Camp

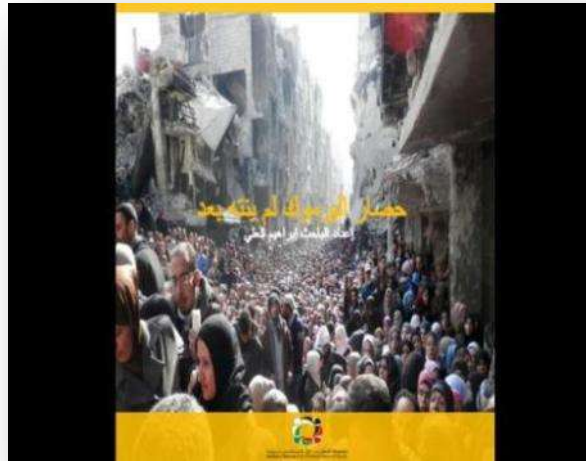
Action Group for Palestinians of Syria

The AGPS issued a documentary report titled "The Yarmouk Siege has Not Ended," which discusses the decision of Humanitarian Affairs Coordination Office of the United Nations, which states to lift the Yarmouk refugee camp from the list of areas under siege on June 23,2015.

The report indicates that the suffering of Palestinians of Syria continues within the Syrian camps, compounds, and cities along with prolonged crisis and conflict, while all gains achieved by the refugees during 67 years of preparation and getting ready for the day of returning to the Palestinian homeland, was failed, where parents and grandparents were born only to find themselves facing a new catastrophe, including displacement, resort, and pain.



The report confirms that the Yarmouk camp has been subject to tight siege since mid-July 2013, and its residents have been prevented from entering or leaving it only in very narrow limits of humanity and for reasons, as well as the entry of humanitarian aid is prevented and only allowed to access Rijh Square located in the first half of the camp close to the regime checkpoints, where many residents were arrested while receiving aid.



Noting that the number of victims from Yarmouk has exceeded 1,200 victims; 180 of them died as a result of starvation, lack of medical care, and the spread of Infectious Diseases and epidemics.

The report describes the decision of Humanitarian Affairs Coordination Office of the United Nations, which states to lift the Yarmouk refugee camp from the list of areas under siege, with surprising, and is considered a setback for all attempts to eject The camp of the dire situation that is lasting for more than two years, and to install the current situation of the siege of civilians and the continuation of displacement and homelessness experienced by displaced refugees as a result of the



growing violence and the concomitant bombing and destruction of most neighborhoods.

The decision is contrary to previous statements by the Secretary-General of the United Nations Ban Ki-moon, who described the camp, that it became a "ring of hell, and its residents need to be protected and cannot be abandoned," and that ISIS committed crimes against humanity."

The report also provides a set of directories and indicators which confirm the continuation of siege on the camp, supported by a set of statistics documenting victims and diseases spread inside the camp.

It is worth mentioning that the AGPS issued a press release confirming that the Yarmouk camp is still trapped, describing the decision to remove it from the list of the besieged areas with the wrong decision.

Download the electronic version of the report through the following link:

<http://goo.gl/mu3wZp>

UNRWA

According to UNRWA: more than 100,000 Palestinian refugees migrated from Syria to Arab and European countries since the Syrian crisis started more than 4 years ago, declaring that the number of the Palestinians who had displaced from Syria to Jordan, since the beginning of events in March 2011 until July, has reached more than 15,5 thousands refugees.

45 thousands Palestinians have been displaced to Lebanon camps and about 6 thousands Palestinian-Syrian refugees were displaced to Egypt,



While 36 refugees were displaced from the dire situation in Syrian camps towards European countries.



Lebanon

The violent clashes which broke out on Saturday at Ain El Helwa Palestinian refugee camp near Sidon City, provoked a state of tension among citizen of the camp generally and the Palestinian Syrian refugees at Ain ELhelwa whose consists of about 1400 families specifically, this is because some families were forced to displace from the camp which increase their suffering and brought back to their memories the Syrian War with what they live of fear, displacement, and losing of their own properties.

It is important to mention that, the Palestinian Syrian refugees in Lebanon are suffering from hard living and economic conditions, in addition to their unclear and unstable legal situation especially regarding residency.



Numbers and Statistics till 23/8/2015

- *15,500 Palestinian Syrian refugees in Jordan, 45,000 Palestinian Syrian refugees in Lebanon, and 6,000 refugees in Egypt, according to the UNRWA's statistics till July 2015.*
- *At least 36,000 Palestinian Syrian refugees have reached Europe during the last 4 years.*
- *The Yarmouk Camp: - Siege, imposed by the Regular Army and PFGC, continued for 782 days respectively. In addition, power cuts continued for more than 852 days, water was cut for 342 days respectively. The number of victims due to the siege has reached to 180 victims.*
- *Al Sbeina Camp: - Regular Army is still preventing the residents of the camp to return back to their houses for 644 days respectively.*
- *Handarat Camp: - Residents have left the camp for 845 days after the Syrian Opposition Groups controlled it.*
- *Dara'a Camp: - It is now almost 489 days without water and 70% of its buildings were demolished.*
- *Jarmana, AL Saieda ZAinab, Al Raml, Al Aedein Camps in Homs and Hamma: - A relatively quiet situation in light of the economic crises.*
- *Khan Al Sheih Camp: - Roads linking the camp to the city center are still closed except for Zakia- Khan Al Shieh road.*