



## التقرير اليومي الخاص بأوضاع اللاجئين الفلسطينيين في سورية

Daily report on the situation of Palestinian refugees in Syria

TUESDAY 27-01-2015 NO.816

***“163 Palestinian Refugees Died Due to Siege and Lack of Medical Care in the Yarmouk Camp, Including 64 Died in the Same Month”***



- A Palestinian Refugee Died due to the Ongoing War Events in Aleppo.
- Two New PLA Officers Died in Syria.
- News about a Large Military Operation in the Yarmouk Camp.
- Jaundice Disease Spread in the Yarmouk Camp.
- Warnings about Kidnapping and Enforced Disappearance in Khan Al Shieh Camp.
- A Palestinian Young Man was arrested in Homs.
- Thabit Organization Inspect the Conditions of the Palestinians of Syria during a Visit to Nahr al-Bared Refugee Camp.
- Shahid: Lebanon Evade its Responsibilities Considering the Palestinians of Syria as "Displaced People".

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### **Victims**

*The Palestinian refugee "YounisDesouqi" from Al Nairab Camp, Hretan Area in Aleppo was killed, as he is a military leader of an armed opposition group in Aleppo, and he was known as "Abu Khadija Al Joulani".*

*As well as the two PLA officers "Mohammed Waseim Al Shalabi" and "Ahmed Zeiad Ahmed" were killed during the clashes that broke out at Tal Kurdi area in Damascus suburb, raising the total toll, which was documented by the AGPS, to 101 victims from the PLA officers.*



**YounisDesouqi**

### **Recent Updates**

*The documentation team of the AGPS indicated that 163 people from the Yarmouk camp died due to siege and lack of medical care, 64 of them died in January 2014, while 6 refugees died since the beginning of 2015. It is mentioned that on 26th of January 2014, 7 refugees died out of starvation, they are: Mohammed Humaid Abdullah, the old man "SaedSalimIdreis", 66 years, the old man "Mohammed Husain Amayri", NijmaJomaaQuader, 66 years, Raefa Mohammed Quraeish, 50 years, the child "AbduljaleilKhamis", and RahmaAbidAlyan.*

*The siege of the regular army and the PFGC on the Yarmouk camp for 570 days respectively, and the stoppage of entering food aids for a month and a half, led to a lack of necessities of life and the loss of all food,*



*medicine and baby milk. This was reflected in the physical and mental health aspect and forced the residents to return to stand in long queues to get small amounts of food and research in garbage containers for leftovers to ensure the continuation of their lives. In a telephone conversation with a resident inside the camp, he confirmed that the conditions inside are very tragic and heading to the declaration of a starvation, where the residents would rather die than being afford to provide food for their children.*

*In field, a newspaper close to the Syrian regime quoted that Palestinian sources assured that the Syrian army and the Palestinian popular Committees ready to implement large-scale operation in Yarmouk, but they are waiting for the political decision of the state. This comes after the declarations of Mr. Anwar Abdul Hadi, Director of the PLO Political Department in Damascus " the settlement negotiations in the Yarmouk refugee camp come to a standstill as a result of insurgents procrastination " as he described. In addition to the reports that stated a new military groups under the name of "Brigade Yarmouk camp" preparing to storm the camp and to face the armed opposition groups in it.*

*In terms of the medical aspect, medical sources in the Yarmouk camp recorded more than 105 cases of jaundice among children, women and the elderly people of the camp due to malnutrition and lack of health care and hygiene. It is noted that it is a very infectious diseases, while medical teams in the Yarmouk refugee camp warned from a humanitarian disaster may affect the children of the camp if the siege and the prevention of entering medical and food aid continued.*



***jaundice among children***





*On the other hand, the social committees that are concerned about following up of Khan Al Shieh camp affairs warned the residents of being kidnapped at Al Tayyar checkpoint located on Muqailbe road-Al Kiswa. The committees also mentioned that this checkpoint are for the Syrian air intelligence and arrest the residents without any charges, and put the detainees in a closed car then they call their families asking for a ransom in order to release the detainees.*

*The number of the residents who were arrested from this checkpoint has reached more than 20 people during 10 days, noting that all roads that link the camp to the adjacent areas were closed except for Zakia-Khan Al Shieh road.*

*The activists accused the Syrian security members and the members of the Syrian security popular committees of kidnapping a lot of people, especially those who are in a good social condition, to ask for a ransom and then to release the detainee either alive or dead.*

*A state of quietness and careful tension of instability and insecure prevailed Khan Dannon camp in Damascus suburb due to the security conditions deterioration at the adjacent areas, in addition to the suffering of stifling living crises; such as the high prices of food necessary supplies, and the continuous power and water cut for long periods and days, as well as the weakness of telecommunication and internet network.*



***Khan Dannon camp***



### ***Detainees***

*The AGPS received news reported that the Syrian security services arrested the young man Salim Al Sadiq from Al Aedein camp in Homs, as he is a member of the so-called Al Baath brigades, that is located at Al Baath university in Homs. It is mentioned that the AGPS documented the names of 123 detainees from Al Aedein camp in Homs, and 26 victims died due to torture in the Syrian prisons.*

*Meanwhile, Al Nusra front arrested the young man Bahaa Abu Hussain from the Yarmouk camp in charges of cursing the name of God. The AGPS also received news reported that Al Shameiafront, which is affiliated to the armed Syrian opposition in Aleppo, arrested Ibtisam Khalil Mulhim from Handarat camp.*

### ***Lebanon***

*A delegation of Thabit organization for the right of return implemented a field visit to Nahr Al Barid camp on 24th of January 2015 to inspect the conditions of the Palestinian Lebanese and Syrian refugees and to monitor their suffering and reality from all aspects. The organization manager "Thabit Sami Hamoud" met with a number of Palestinian refugees from Syrian, as he said "it is sorry that the UNRWA cuts its aids of 1100 Palestinian Syrian families.*

*Mr. Hamoud described the decision of being unfair, since it includes the poor and sick families at Nahr Al Barid camp, and he noted that there is a family who was deprived of aids and they have three children infected with Thalassemia, and another family was deprived of aids for having a refrigerator, despite the refrigerator is for the owner of the house not for them.*

*On the other hand, the PR officer of the Palestinian institution for human rights "Shahid", Mr. Mohammed Al Shouli said that the Lebanese government considered the Palestinian refugees from Syria in Lebanon as displaced people. Mr. Mohammed pointed out that this will prevent them of their rights upon the Lebanese state, and if what they were considered refugees so Lebanon will be bound to the international laws which take into account the Palestinian refugees rights in Lebanon,*



*pointing out that the Lebanese government did not establish a clear and legal mechanism to deal with the Palestinians of Syria.*



*Nahr Al Barid camp*

### ***Numbers and Statistics till 26/1/2015***

- *At least 27933 Palestinian Syrian refugees have reached Europe during the last 4 years.*
- *2621 Palestinian refugees were documented by the AGPS.*
- ***The Yarmouk Camp:** - Siege, imposed by the Regular Army and PFGC, continued for 570 days respectively. In addition, power cuts continued for more than 650 days, water was cut for 140 days respectively. The number of victims due to the siege has reached 162 victims.*
- *80,000 Palestinian Syrian refugees escaped from Syria to the neighboring towns, including 14348 refugees in Jordan, 42,000 in Lebanon, according to UNRWA statistics till November.*
- ***Al Husayneyya Camp:** - Regular Army is still preventing the residents of the camp to return back to their houses for 472 days respectively.*
- ***Al Sbeina Camp:** - Regular Army is still preventing the residents of the camp to return back to their houses for 441 days respectively.*
- ***Handarat Camp:** - Residents have left the camp for 643 days after the Syrian Opposition Groups controlled it.*
- ***Dara'a Camp:** - It is now almost 287 days without water and 70% of its buildings were demolished.*



- ***Jermana, AL SaiedaZainab, Al Raml, Al AedeinCamps in Homs and Hamma:*** - A relatively quiet situation in light of the economic crises.
- ***Khan Al Sheih Camp:*** - Roads linking the camp to the city center are still closed except for Zakia- Khan Al Sheih road.