



التقرير اليومي الخاص بأوضاع اللاجئين الفلسطينيين في سورية

Daily report on the situation of Palestinian refugees in Syria

WEDNESDAY 3-12-2014 NO.761

“A Victim and Injuries Due to the Bombing of Yarmouk, and Partial Return of Power after Two Years Cut”



Abu Mohammed Raji killed in Yarmouk camp

- The regular army prevents the residents of Sbeina camp to return back to their homes for 386 days.
- 6000 Palestinian families in Qudseia at Damascus suburb suffer of harsh living conditions.
- Medical campaign for the prevention of contagious diseases in a shelter centers for Palestinians of Syria at Ein Al Hilwah camp.

Email: Reports@actionpal.org

Mobile: 00447447423737

Phone: 00442084530919 00442084530994



Victims

The young man Abu Mohammed Raji, a member of Aknaf Beit Al Maqdis brigades, was killed due to wounded he attained by a shell that was dropped at the Yarmouk camp.

Recent Updates

Mortar shells targeted the Yarmouk camp and resulted in one victim and a number of injuries, as Abu Mohammed Al Raji, a member of Aknaf Beit Al MAqdis brigades affiliated to the Syrian armed opposition. Meanwhile, the water cut is still continuing for 85 days respectively in light of the strict siege imposed by the regular army and groups of the PFGC for more than a year and a half, as the residents are having difficulties in securing food in addition to the scarcity of fuel and the cut of power and water.

In another hand, the power return back to some houses and lanes of Al Nairab camp after two years cut, while big parts of the camp still without power, since the electrical cables have been stolen. It is mentioned that the camp, which is under the control of the regular army, forms a strategic point because of its proximity to Nairab military airport, which will expose it and the surrounding areas to frequent shelling and clashes between the regular army and armed opposition groups.



Al Nairab camp



The regular army and some Palestinian groups loyal to it still continue to prevent the people of Sbeina camp to return to their homes, after being forced to leave because of the violent clashes that broke out between the regular army and groups of armed opposition since "386" days, which ended with the regular army full control on the camp. The residents have fled to neighboring towns and camps, which added new economic burdens to them, especially with the high cost of living and rising rent homes.

Therefore, (6000) displaced Palestinian families from the Palestinian refugee camps, especially Yarmouk, who lives at Qudseia area in Damascus sububr, suffering of harsh living situation and conditions, as a result of high prices and unemployment and also because of the lack of income for most of these families, who were forced to rent houses at high prices, what caused their economic and financial crisis over their plight and the loss of their homes and property in the Palestinian camps.



Sbeina camp

Whereas Al Aedein camp in Hama lives a state of quietness, but the residents complain of the high cost of food supplies and prices of living in general as well as crises in securing fuel, also unemployment increased their suffering.

In the same context, the remaining residents of Al Sayeda Zainab camp are suffering of a severe humanitarian crisis as a result of the acute shortage of food supplies and bread, which has become a daily concern



to them, as well as the lack of fuel and the continued power and telecommunications network cut for long periods.

Lebanon

Doctors of the Yarmouk Medical Clinic launched a campaign for the prevention of lice and scabies in accommodation centers at Ein Al Helwa camp, included a shelter (tents pool) and the Centre shelter (Al Kifah school) as they distributed drugs to treat lice and give some tips to avoid infection.

It is noteworthy that (Yarmouk Medical Clinic) established by Palestinians of Syria Committee in Lebanon before three months inside the shelter center AL Kifah School in Ain Al Hilwa refugee camp in order to take care of the medical care for Palestinian Syrian refugees and alleviate the economic burdens, where it is managed by Palestinians of Syria Doctors League.

The Palestinian Camps in Syria, Numbers and Statistics till 212/2014

- **The Yarmouk Camp:** - Siege, imposed by the Regular Army and PFGC, continued for **515** days respectively. In addition, power cuts continued for more than **598** days, water was cut for **85** days respectively. The number of victims due to the siege has reached **157** victims.
- **41** Palestinian refugees were killed outside of Syria.
- **96** PLA members were killed due to Clashes in Syria.
- **Al Husayneyya Camp:** - Regular Army is still preventing the residents of the camp to return back to their houses for **417** days respectively.
- **Al Sbeina Camp:** - Regular Army is still preventing the residents of the camp to return back to their houses for **387** days respectively.
- **Handarat Camp:** - Residents have left the camp for **587** days after the Syrian Opposition Groups controlled it.
- **Dara'a Camp:** - It is now almost **232** days without water and a complete absence of basic services.
- **Khan Al Sheih Camp:** - Roads linking the camp to the city center are still closed except for Zakia road.



- ***Khan Danoun Camp:*** - *Economic crisis is still continuing, specially unemployment and high prices.*
- ***Al Nairab Camp:*** - *Power is still cut for more than a year.*
- ***Jermana, AL Saieda ZAinab, Al Raml, Al Aedein Camps in Homs and Hamma:*** - *A relatively quite situation in light of the economic crises.*