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التقرير اليومي

الخاص بأوضاع اللاجئين الفلسطينيين في سورية

Daily report on the situation of Palestinian refugees in Syria



"265 Palestinian Residents of Daraa Camp Pronounced Dead in War-Torn Syria"

- Palestinian Refugee Arrested by Opposition Forces
- Displaced Palestinians North of Syria Denied Right to ID Documents
- Palestinian and Syrian Officials Meet over Situation in Yarmouk Camp
- Palestinian Brothers Ahmad and Muhammed Awad Subjected to Mysterious Fate in Syrian State Jail



Latest Developments

AGPS documented the death of 265 Palestinian refugees taking shelter in Daraa Camp, south of Syria, since the outburst of deadly hostilities in the country.

The list includes 134 Palestinians who were killed under shelling; 34 who were shot dead by snipers; and 47 who were fatally gunned down.



Three Palestinian refugees were also tortured to death in Syrian government prisons; 20 were executed; two refugees died in car blasts and another was burned. Three refugees were killed with white weapons. Eight more Palestinians died of unknown reasons.

In another development, military police affiliated with the Syrian opposition to northwest of Aleppo arrested on Wednesday the Palestinian refugee Yehya AlSarhaan, nicknamed Abu Muhammad, in Deir Ballout Camp over allegations of his affiliations with ISIS militias.



Reporting from Deir Ballout Camp, an AGPS news correspondent said AlSarhaan was recruited as a military commander by ISIS militias in Street 15 in Yarmouk before he headed for the Syrian desert following a deal struck with the Syrian government on the aftermath of a military operation launched by the latter on April 19, 2018 on ISIS-held zones south of Damascus. AlSarhaan headed for Deir Ballout Camp to reunite with his wife and kids, before he was rounded up by the opposition forces.

Meanwhile, human rights activists north of Syria said civil registration offices have refused to issue identity cards to Palestinian refugees who were displaced from Yarmouk Camp and other areas in Damascus and Rif Dimashq.

The activists said displaced Palestinian refugees have been denied the right to personal identity documents on account that they cannot be treated as Syrian nationals.

The activists called for a serious response by the concerned authorities so as to provide Palestinian refugees with identity and travel documents.





Palestinian refugees who entered the Syrian territories in 1948 are granted their basic rights in Syria but are not eligible for citizenship and elections. Most of those who entered the country in 1970 have, however, been denied easy access to identity and travel documents.

Dozens of refugees fled to Jordan before they moved to such destinations as Jordan and Egypt after they were forced out of their homes in the Israeli-blockaded Gaza Strip and occupied West Bank.

In the meantime, Palestinian and Syrian officials discussed, during a meeting convened a few days earlier, the progress of reconstruction initiatives in Yarmouk Camp for Palestinian refugees. Damascus governor Adel AlAlabi, Palestine's Ambassador in Damascus Mahmoud AlKhalidi, and members of the committee overseeing debris-clearance in Yarmouk Camp were in attendance.

The meeting culminated in an agreement to carry out rubbleclearance in Yarmouk alleyways and implement the rehabilitation plan, which was drafted a few years ago.

Meanwhile, Palestinian brothers Muhammed and Ahmad Awad have been secretly locked up in Syrian government prisons for the sixth year running.

Muhammed, born in 1968, was arrested in Hama city on December 26, 2013. Ahmad, born in 1985, was arrested on June 26, 2014 near the Lebanese borders.

AGPS kept record of dozens of cases of internment and fatal torture of members of same family in Syrian government prisons. One such case occurred on March 30, 2015, when three Palestinian brothers



from the Hamdan family, sheltered in Yarmouk Camp, and three sisters from Saad AlDeen family, sheltered in AlRaml Camp, were pronounced dead as a result of harsh torture.

